FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

| SUN | MON | TUE | WED | THU | FRI | SAT |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
| 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 |
| 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 |
| 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | | |

**Port Almanac—April 4.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Sun Rises | 5.42 A M |
| Sun Sets | 6.24 P M |
| Day's Length | 12 h 40 m |
| High Water at Southport | 12 51 A M |
| High Water at Wilmington | 2 34 A M |

**The Weather.**

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE.
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., April 4.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 44°; 8 p. m., 58°; maximum, 60°; minimum, 40°; mean 50°; Rainfall for the day, 00; rainfall for the month up to date, 18.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina: Generally fair; warmer; northerly winds.

It is somewhat colder on the Atlantic coast from Maine to Florida. The temperature is about freezing from New England to Virginia.

The depression on the New England coast this morning has moved slowly northward, but continues central near Eastport. The area of high pressure is less marked and it has remained about stationary, covering the Mississippi valley.

The weather will remain cold and fair in the districts on the Atlantic coast, but the temperature will rise slowly by Saturday and it will be warmer Sunday.

## OUTLINES.

James F. Rule, the Washington correspondent of the Knoxville *Journal*, has been arrested on a charge of criminal libel; the Treasury gold reserve, at the close of business yesterday, stood at $128,237,550; Rev. Thos. G. Addison, D. D., for thirty years rector of Trinity Protestant Episcopal Church, Washington, D. C., died suddenly yesterday morning; Secretary Herbert has gone to Fort Monroe, Va., to inspect the North Atlantic squadron. —— A negro was lynched by a mob in Tennessee for attempted rape on a white lady. —— The River and Harbor Appropriation bill for the coming fiscal year was reported to the House of Representatives yesterday. —— At the Turner-Clark prize fight at Memphis, Tenn., Clark received such terrible punishment that he is not expected to recover. —— John Lipkie was struck in the abdomen by Wm. Kemper during a friendly boxing contest at Laporte, Ind., Wednesday, from the effects of which he died yesterday. —— Gen. Weyler has been pushing operations with great vigor in Cuba during the past month; the insurgents have been kept moving, their camps have been destroyed and a dozen of their hospitals burned, but the Government has not forced a single battle upon the insurgents; owners of estates report excesses committed by Spanish troops and there is no longer talk of attempting to grind cane this year; the insurgents have gained more in the past month than in any two that have preceded it; since Minister de Lome cabled that the United States will not recognize Cuban belligerency Gen. Weyler has begun open executions of prisoners of war. —— The Lawrence Manufacturing Corporation, of Lowell, Mass., has been shut down in conformity with the decision of the directors to discontinue manufacturing cloth. —— The steamship Bermuda has been released by the Honduras authorities, but the ammunition found on board of her was held.

Washington isn't much of a live horse town but as an equestrian statue burg she holds proud pre-eminence over all other towns in the world.

There are a few horses in Japan, imported for the use of foreigners, but there are no cattle, no mules, no sheep, no goats, no hogs, and but few dogs. Coolies take the place of draft animals.

The Savannah *News*, gold paper, remarks that "the Georgia woods are full of free silverite candidates for Congress and other offices." A pretty good indication of how the cat jumps down in that bailiwick.

When the New Hampshire Republican Convention took Tom Reed by one hand and Wm. McKinley by the other it sat down on Billy Chandler and vindicated Marcus Hanna. But perhaps Marcus got in some of that swag.

One of the most successful counterfeiters in this country, an old fellow who has been plying his business and puzzling the secret service fellows since 1879, was captured a few days ago in New Jersey. He made $10, $20, $50 and $100 bills, which were executed with such skill as to deceive experts, and the remarkable thing about it is that he did it with a pen and brush.

# THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LVIII.—NO. 11. WILMINGTON, N. C., SATURDAY, APRIL 4, 1896. WHOLE NO. 8,846

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER,
OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

**IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.**

Beginning April 1st next, the following reduced rates of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR will go into effect:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Twelve Months | $5.00 |
| Six " | 2.50 |
| Three " | 1.25 |
| Two " | 1.00 |
| One " | 50 |

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

We are in receipt of an artistically compounded tract sent out by the Sound Money League of Philadelphia, the object of which is to show that the farmer of this country is a good deal better off than the farmer of a hundred years ago was, and that he is a long way ahead of the farmers of Mexico, Iadia, Egypt and other outlying districts. The farmer who gets hold of this nice little book and doubts that he ought to be happy after looking at the pictures which are gotten up with such lavish art, will be quite unreasonable.

Senator Sherman told a newspaper man in New York the other day that he believed Mr. McKinley will be nominated at St. Louis and "of course elected." Mr. Sherman once or twice believed that he would be nominated, thought he had the dead wood on the snap, but he didn't make the connection, and it may be the same with his friend William, who seems to be in the swim now. But he has a good deal of paddling yet before he gets there.

Lord Salisbury is quoted as saying that a man ought to be able to live and be happy on a dried herring and a cold potato a day. He didn't mean Lord Salisbury, but some other man. There are a good many of his people who try to scuffle along and try to be as happy as they can on the potato without the auxillary little fish.

Prince Bismarck celebrated his 81st birthday last Wednesday. Notwithstanding that these birthdays come every year and are celebrated with somewhat elaborate performances the old gentleman is equal to the task, but fortunately is not required to read the tons of congratulatory stuff that are sent him.

**NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.**

STAR OFFICE—Press boy wanted.
OPERA HOUSE—Langdon Dramatic Co.

**NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.**

WANTED—To buy timber.

## LOCAL DOTS.

**Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.**

— Quarterly meeting at Fifth Street M. E. Church to-morrow.

— The evening services at St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church will be held at 8 o'clock, beginning to-morrow.

— The meetings now being held by the pastor, Rev. T. H. Sutton, at the Market Street M. E. Church, are increasing in interest.

— Commencing with to-morrow and continuing until further notice, the Sunday night services of Grace M. E. Church will begin at 8 o'clock.

— Dr. Shepard left for Scott's Hill yesterday morning in response to a telegram, to attend Miss Mabel Pearce, daughter of Capt. E. L. Pearce. She is reported to be seriously sick.

— The Executive Committee of the North Carolina Press Association will meet in Raleigh Friday, April 10th, to select a place and time for the next meeting, and to make other arrangements.

— The Bright Jewel Society at Fifth Street Methodist Church will give interesting Easter exercises at that church on to-morrow afternoon at 3.30 o'clock. The public generally is invited to these exercises.

— Rev. Eugene Daniels, D. D., of Raleigh, comes to our city next Wednesday by special invitation to deliver an address at the annual meeting of the Ladies' Foreign Missionary Society of Wilmington Presbytery.

— It is refreshing to look into one of the large windows of the store of Messrs. C. W. Polvogt & Co. It is arranged, apparently, to represent Spring. The verdant carpets and plants are very attractive, and two live English rabbits add a unique feature to the scene.

— The regular services at the Seamen's Bethel will be conducted 8 at o'clock to-morrow afternoon by Rev. A. D. McClure. It is expected that a detail from the revenue cutter *Colfax* will attend with Capt. Mitchell by special invitation. Seamen and river men specially invited. All welcome.

This is the Racket's bargain week One yard wide Sea Island homespun at 4c a yard, Fruit of the Loom, one yard wide, at 7c. †

Braddy & Gaylord are bustling out dry goods. Good dress ginghams at 4c, linen finish chambray at 5c. †

To dress nicely and cheaply buy your clothes from the "Racket Store." Boys' wash suits for 39c a suit. †

This is the bargain week at the "Racket Store." Do not fail to call. Lace curtains at 48c a pair, Marseilles 11½c, bed spreads at 98c each. †

## PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

**Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.**

— Mr. A. A. McLean, of Gastonia, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. J. D. Sidbury, of Southport, is in the city on business.

— Maj. M. L. Croom is quite sick, at his residence on Dock street.

— Mr. Jeff D. Sessoms, of Stedman, is in the city on business.

— Mr. R. W. Collins, of Philadelphia, is registered at The Purcell.

— Mr. T. B. Keogh, of Greensboro, is in the city, on a business visit.

— Mr. G. W. Hododon, of New York, was a guest of The Purcell yesterday.

— Mr. J. H. Croom, of Maxton, was in the city yesterday, calling on friends.

— Capt. J. W. St. John, of New York, is in the city, on a visit to Mr. E. J. Powers.

— Mr. A. N. King, of New York, was in the city yesterday, registered at The Purcell.

— Miss Janie Horne, who has been visiting friends at Rocky Mount, has returned.

— Mr. D. J. Batson, of Sloop Point, was a visitor at the STAR office yesterday.

— Mr. James C. Morrison, the STAR regrets to learn, is sick and confined to his home.

— Col. Jno. T. Bruton, of Wilson, who will deliver the Memorial address here on the 11th of May, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. A. W. McLean, a handsome and talented young attorney of Lumberton, came in on the Carolina Sentral yesterday.

— Miss May O'Connor has returned from attending school at Georgetown, D. C., to spend the Easter holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Dan'l O'Connor.

— Mr. W. A. Riach, General Auditor of the Atlantic Coast Line, has returned from a visit to New York much improved in health. He expects to be ready for work next week.

— Messrs. T. P. Johnson, Laurinburg; G. A. Powell, Fair Bluff; B. S. Ellis, Mullins; C. L. Stevens, Southport; Bruce Williams, Burgaw, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

**A Brunswick County Criminal Caught.**

Chas. Hunter, a colored man about 35 years of age, was arrested last evening by Deputy Sheriff J. P. Flynn, on a warrant issued from Brunswick county charging Hunter with assault and battery with a deadly weapon on a colored man named Chap. Clemmons in February last. Officer Flynn captured his man on Red Cross near Second street, and upon searching him found a loaded 32-calibre pistol in one of his pockets. Hunter was lodged in the county jail to await the action of the Brunswick county authorities.

Hunter is said to be a desperate character. He used a knife with terrible effect when he assaulted Clemmons.

**"A Noble Outcast."**

On Monday evening, April 6th, the Langdon Dramatic Company will present, for the first time in this city, the thrilling comedy drama, "A Noble Outcast," and the talented actress, Miss Elsie Graham, will be seen in the leading female role, supported by the entire strength of the company. Pleasing singing and drawing specialties will be introduced throughout the play. This company is one of the strongest popular-priced companies on the road. Remember that on Monday evening one lady will be admitted free, if accompanied by one paid reserved seat ticket. These tickets can be reserved at Yates' book store.

**Information for Mariners.**

Captain Crowell, of the steamer *Spartan*, reports March 30th, with Handkerchief Lightship bearing E. by N. two miles distant, passed floating wreckage, consisting of the side of a vessel's house, with deck beams attached. Also, northeast by east one half mile east from the Handkerchief Lightship, passed the deck beams of a vessel; all dangerous to navigation.

The schooner *Annie M. Moore*, waterlogged, was abandoned and set on fire on March 27th, in lat. 33, long. 74. The crew were landed at New York by the steamship *Niagara*.

**Judge Simonton's Decision.**

There was much rejoicing here yesterday when the STAR reached its readers with the concise but complete summary of Judge Simonton's decision in the foreclosure case of the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railway. Though comparatively brief, the account in the STAR gave every leading point in the decision. To this was added a correct statement of Judge Simonton's decision in the Murchison case.

**Freshet in the Cape Fear.**

A telegram received at the Wilmington Weather Bureau station yesterday at 8 a. m. from Fayetteville reported that the stage of water in the river there was twenty-three and a half feet and rising.

At 8 a. m. Wednesday the stage of water there was 9 8 feet.

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR'S want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR'S want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents tf

Do you live in Wilmington? If not, send Braddy & Gaylord your orders for your Easter millinery in hats and bonnets. We guarantee satisfaction. †

Visit Braddy & Gaylord's and buy gents' silk scarfs at 8c. †

## RALEIGH NEWS LETTER.

**NEWBERN'S CONTRIBUTION TO THE VANCE MEMORIAL FUND.**

**The Fund to Purchase Headstones for the Graves of the Confederate Dead at Winchester—Political Gossip—Harry Skinner's Bad Memory—Child Bitten by a Mad Cat.**

[*Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., April 3.

The citizens of Newbern have contributed to the Vance Memorial Fund $111.75. This amount has been forwarded to Gov. Carr through E. H. Meadows.

Gov. Carr has ordered the payment of fifty dollars reward for the capture of Matthew Jones, wanted in Henderson county. Jones was followed into South Carolina and finally captured in Polk county.

The sum of $385 has been received up to date for the fund which will be used in purchasing headstones for the Confederate dead at Winchester.

A child of Madison Buffaloe, of this county, was bitten by a mad cat yesterday. The child was taken to Durham to-day to have a madstone applied to the wound. The cat tried to bite other persons and did bite a number of dogs and cats. It was finally killed. Several mad dogs have been seen in the county.

Chairman J. H. Adams, of the Wake county Republican Executive Committee, has called a meeting of the committee in this city, Saturday, April 11th. Fusion with the Populists will be considered and the county convention called.

Harry Skinner, Congressman from the First district, seems to be in a bad way, so far as his memory is concerned. The fact that he has not denied the interview accredited to him in Richmond, Raleigh and other papers, which was directly contradicted by his letter to Chairman Holton, is taken that the interview was authoritative. Mr. Skinner's constituents will have some difficulty in reconciling the two documents.

A Republican says it was the basest ingratitude on Butler's part to make a slur upon the negro, as he did in his letter, when it is remembered that he holds his position by virtue of negro votes.

About ten days ago the STAR published a statement that Senator Butler was sending out a secret letter which was being read in the Alliance meetings. Subsequently this news was sent out by telegraph. Senator Butler was quoted as denying the statement. Yesterday the letter referred to appeared in the Charlotte *News*. It had the date of April 1st. Otho Wilson said that the letter was issued about March 1st. And now the STAR'S information was straight.

In the letter Butler says it is clear fusion cannot continue after this year.

**THE ARSON CASE.**

**Emanuel Lane Arraigned in the City Court—Investigation Postponed Until Thursday Next.**

In the City Court yesterday morning, before Mayor Harriss, Emanuel Lane, colored, was arraigned, charged with having set fire to the chapel on Princess between Eleventh and Twelfth streets. Messrs. Marsden Bellamy & Son appeared for the defendant and E. K. Bryan, Esq., represented the State.

Mr. Bryan asked for a continuance of the case, as Sylvia Moore, a very material witness for the State, was sick and unable to attend Court.

The Mayor then postponed the investigation of the case until next Thursday. Lane was placed under a justified bond of $300, which he failed to give and was locked up in the guard house to await examination.

Three colored boys, Henry Williams, Joe Dixon and Chas. Jones, were also before the Mayor, charged with disorderly conduct, cursing and disturbing the inmates of the Williston Graded School (colored). Jones was discharged and Williams and Dixon were each fined $3.50 and costs.

Late yesterday afternoon Lane furnished the required bond by his wife giving mortgage on her property to the amount required, and was released.

**Civil Service Examination.**

Civil Service Examiner E. W. Crawford, of Washington, D. C., arrived here Thursday from Greensboro, N. C., and examined eleven applicants for departmental work at Washington, D. C. There were five white men, one lady and five colored men. It was not the local service examination. Eight persons were examined for positions in the railway mail service, one for teacher in Indian schools, one for assistant in the meteorological department and one for position as stenographer and typewriter. Mr. Crawford forwarded the examination papers to Washington and left last night for Charleston, where he will hold the next examination.

**Frost at Many Places South of Wilmington.**

The minimum temperature yesterday morning was 40 degrees. The wind here was too strong for frost; but at many places south of Wilmington—including Jacksonville and Pensacola, Florida, and New Orleans—frost was reported. Mr. C. H. Strong, local forecast official, said yesterday that the conditions indicated continued cold weather with heavy frost this morning, slowly rising temperature to-night, and much warmer weather Sunday.

**The Murchison & Co. Case.**

As there seemed to be a difference of opinion yesterday as to the correctness of the STAR'S report of Judge Simonton's decision in the case of Murchison & Co. in connection with the C. F. and Y. V. suit, we take occasion to say that there was nothing the matter with the STAR'S report. It was correct in every particular.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for ess than 20 cents tf

To save money on your headwear call at the Racket Store. Ladies' nicely-trimmed hats at 50c each, ladies' high-crowned banded sailors at 38c each. †

Read the Racket Store advertisement, it will pay you. Ladies' hemstitched handkerchiefs at 4c each. †

## SILVER OR GOLD?

**WHAT WILL BE THE COMPLEXION OF THE CHICAGO CONVENTION?**

**The Silver Men Say It Will Be White, But the Gold Men Say Colored—The Big Fight in Alabama.**

The silver men, says the Washington *Star*, are every day boasting more confidently of their ability to control the National Convention.

Representative Bailey, of Texas, said to a *Star* reporter a few days ago that there was nothing which could prevent the white metal men from having a majority. He discussed the question of the Southern States sending solid and instructed delegations whether there were some districts in the States in favor of "sound money" or not. "We can control the Convention," he said, "and give the gold standard men every district in the South to which they believe they are entitled. I think that if the question were left altogether to districts throughout the country we would have a larger majority than by the State Conventions instructing solidly, as is proposed in some Southern States."

Mr. Bailey predicts that either way the matter is figured out the silver men will win.

GOLD MEN CAN'T SEE IT.

The gold standard men can't see it that way. A *Star* reporter asked Senator Brice the other day if there was any change in his estimate that the "sound money" men would have at least 580 votes in the convention. "There is no change," he said.

TO SETTLE ONE STATE.

The difference of opinion as to whether Alabama is a 'sound money" or silver State will be settled the 11th of this month, when every county in the State will hold its convention to elect delegates to the State convention. The question at issue there is over the choice of a candidate for Governor. Johnson is the silver candidate for Governor and Clarke the "sound money" man. Both sides are claiming the election. Governor Oates is the gold standard candidate for United States Senator. The politicians are having it hot and heavy. Several of the Congressmen have gone to Alabama to mix in the contest, among them Representative Bankhead, who is spoken of as the silver candidate for the Senate in opposition to Oates.

Alabama is the only Southern State, unless it is Louisiana, in which there is any doubt of the silver men winning in the election of delegates to Chicago.

## IS IT CARLISLE?

**THE ANNOUNCEMENT TO BE MADE WITHIN A VERY SHORT TIME.**

**A Sound Money Delegation Instructed for Him Expected to Go From Kentucky.**

[*Washington Star.*]

Information came to a representative of the *Star* to-day from a most trustworthy source that within a very short time—maybe within a few days—the announcement of Mr. Carlisle as a candidate for the Presidency will be made. The manner of it is yet to be determined. Mr. Carlisle has been urged to formally reply to some one of the numerous requests by letter he has received to permit the use of his name. Again, it has been suggested that the announcement be made through the medium of an interview with Senator Lindsay, who is the Secretary's warm personal friend and supporter. But in one form or the other it is said to be certain that the announcement is soon to be made.

SOUND MONEY DELEGATES EXPECTED.

Mr. Carlisle's supporters among the Kentucky Democrats talk in the most confident strain respecting the action to be taken by the Kentucky State Convention which will meet to send delegates to Chicago. They assert without qualification that the sound money men will control it, and not only instruct for Mr. Carlisle for President, but indorse the administration out and out. They declare themselves to be absolutely assured of this, and some of them go to the extent of predicting that Mr. Blackburn will not appear on the scene. Something very encouraging to the Carlisle men is that both Senators Bronston and Gobel, who figured so prominently in the legislative fight as Mr. Blackburn's managers, have recently declared for Mr. Carlisle for President, and Senator Bronston wishes to go as a delegate-at-large to Chicago to work in the Secretary's behalf.

**From East to West.**

A beautiful little pamphlet entitled, "From the Pacific to the Atlantic," an excellent brief outline sketch of many of the great conflicts of our past wars, together with an interesting short description of the most picturesque and historic part of our country, may be secured free of cost by addressing T. D. Meares, agent of the Seaboard Air Line at Wilmington, on whose great through line between the East and the Pacific Coast, the above and other points of great historical interested are located.

**They Want the Fair.**

A number of merchants increased their subscriptions yesterday to the Fair Association fund, and one prominent gentleman who had so far not put his name on the list was called on by Mr. Sol. Bear yesterday and gave one hundred dollars for his place of business, and said rather than see the scheme fall through he would give another hundred.

**"Conservative, High-Toned and Thoroughly Able."**

[*Rocky Mount Phœnix.*]

THE MORNING STAR, Wilmington, observed its 28th anniversary March 29th, with the announcement of a reduction of its annual subscription to $5 00. It is a conservative, high-toned and thoroughly able journal.

**One Cent a Word.**

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

Allow us to extend to you a special invitation to visit the "Racket Store" this week in search of bargains. A fine dress plaid, 36 inches wide, going at 10c. †

We are here for business. We want your trade. Call at 112 North Front street and inspect our line of mattings. Our 25c grade this week at 17c a yard. †

**The Churches.**

Fifth Street M. E. Church South, situated on Fifth street, between Nun and Church, Rev. W. L. Cuninggim, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m. by Rev. W. S. Rone and 7.45 p. m. by the pastor. Class meeting will be held at 3.30 p. m. The public cordially invited to all services

Grace Methodist E. Church, South, northeast corner of Grace and Fourth streets, Rev. R. A. Willis, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m and 8.00 p. m. Experience meeting at 10 a. m in the lecture room. Sunday school at 3.30 p. m. Weekly prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend.

St. Paul's Church, Fourth and Orange streets, Rev. F. N. Skinner, Rector. Services Easter Sunday at 7.30 and 11 a. m., and 4 p. m.

Chapel of the Good Shepard, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a m and 5 p m.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets; Rev. J. B. Harrell, Pastor. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 2.30 p m. Church Prayer Meeting Wednesday night at 7.30.

## BUSINESS LOCALS.

NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

**Wanted,** to hear from parties having ash, oak, beech and hickory timber for sale. Address Carolina Cooperage and Veneer Company, Wilmington, N. C. ap 4 DAW 1w

**Pure** Scuppernong Wine, 2 to 4 years old, sweet or dry. A fine spring tonic. Price list sent on application. G. W. Lawrence, Fayetteville, N. C. ap 3 4.*

**A** small dioghey Yacht, with equipment, for sale cheap. Apply for price and information at The Orton Bar. fr su ap 2t

**Just** received one car Jamaica Bananas, 10 barrels Russett and 40 crates Western, N. C. Apples, 25 sacks Irish Potatoes and Onions, Butter Beans, Peas, Dried Apples, Dried Peaches, N. C. Hams, Cakes and Crackers, Candies of all kinds, Nuts, Figs, Dates, Lemons, Oranges and Peanuts, in lots to suit at A. S. Winstead's, Commission Merchants and Wholesale Fruit and Produce Dealers, 115 North Second street. ap 3 DAW tf

**Photographic** novelties, Photos with high gloss, Photos with no gloss, Photos $1.00 per dozen and up. Frames cheap. Satisfaction guaranteed. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. mar 26 tf

**Besides** all the latest and most fashionable drinks free lunch will be served daily from 11 a. m. to 1 p m., at A. P. Levy's, on Princess street. mar 11 tf

**For** the best and most complete line of Groceries at the lowest city prices, call at Charles D. Jacobs' Retail Grocery Store. No. 317½ North Front street. Attentive delivery men and clerks will hustle up the goods. mar 8 tf

**The** celebrated pale Kyffhauser Beer! Sold only by F. Richter, Wilmington, N. C.

**Baskets,** Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c31

**Hayden, F. H.,** has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c31

**NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.**

**Press Boy Wanted.**

WANTED, A STOUT, RELIABLE BOY TO run Job Presses, and learn the Job Printing business generally. A boy who has had some experience on presses preferred. Good recommendations required. Apply at the
ap 4 tf nac STAR OFFICE.

**ICE, ICE, ICE.**

SCHEDULE OF PRICES
Commencing April 1st, 1896.

TRANSIENT TRADE.

| | |
|---|---|
| 10 pounds, | 8 cents. |
| 15 " | 10 " |
| 20 " | 12 " |
| 25 " | 13 " |
| 30 to 100 " | ½ cent per pound |

PRICES FOR TICKETS.

5 pound Ice Tickets, 75 cents per 100 pounds.
10 to 100 pound Ice Tickets, 50 cts per 100 pounds.
Saloons, Soda Fountains, &c., 100 pounds or over, 40c per 100.

We will make a free delivery of Ice every day between the hours of 6 and 10 a. m, while on regular rounds. Special orders for deliveries other than above will be charged extra, unless in quantities of 50 pounds or over.

We will be obliged to stop the delivery of Ice where the tickets cannot be had at the time of delivery. We cannot afford to go over the territory the second time to collect the tickets. No driver in our employ is allowed to sell either Ice Tickets or the Ice. Send us the orders for Tickets by the driver and we will have them delivered to you by our clerk. Very respectfully,

**Wm. E. Worth & Co.**
ap 1 tf

**Buck Ranges!**

We now have secured the agency and control of these Celebrated

**Stoves and Ranges**

for this market. It can hardly be questioned that these are about the finest and best goods made. We have made arrangements with Factory to handle these STOVES at

**A Close Price,**

which will put them in reach of all that want a STOVE which will do great work and last many years.

**W. E. SPRINGER & CO.,**
**Purcell Building,**
mar 22 tf Wilmington, N. C.

**Wanted,**

A BARBER. A GOOD MAN CAN GET A first-class situation by applying to
A. FREMPERT,
feb 19 tf No. 11 South Front Street.

**Taylor's Bazaar,**
**118 Market Street.**

**Our Millinery Display**

was considered by all to be a

**GRAND SUCCESS.**

OUR LINE OF

**Trimmed and Untrimmed HATS**

were admired by everybody that saw them. Our New York

**Trimmer,**
**Miss O'Keefe,**

is ready to wait on one and all and suggest any idea necessary.

HATS TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED.

RIBBONS, FLOWERS,
FEATHERS, SILKS,
LACES, VEILING,
VELVETS, SATINS,
HOSIERY,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
NOTIONS, and a full line of

Dress Goods and Trimmings.

Everything sold at Bargain prices.

**TAYLOR'S BAZAAR.**

Just received a line of Boys' Shirt Waists and selling from 19c up.
ap 3 tf

**PLEASE STOP**

Long enough to look in our window and see what you can buy for

**$1.50.**

Remember the place 63½ steps east from Front street. Also call for

**Ladies' and Misses'**
**"Wilmington**
**Solid Favorite."**
Respectfully,
**Mercer & Evans,**
H. C. Evans' Old Stand.
mar 18 tf

**Beans, Beans, Beans.**

Large Stock Just Received.

EVERY VARIETY SOLD IN THIS SECTION OF

**VEGETABLE**
—AND—
**Farm Seeds**

Truckers and Gardners will find it to their interest to buy from

**Robt. R. Bellamy & Co.,**
DRUGGISTS AND SEEDSMEN,
Wilmington, N. C.
feb 9 tf

**OPERA HOUSE.**

ONE ENTIRE WEEK,
Commencing Monday, April 6th,
The Langdon Dramatic Co.
Change of bill at each performance.
One lady will be admitted free Monday evening with every paid reserved seat ticket.
Popular Prices—10, 20 and 30 cents.
Monday Evening the Thrilling Comedy Drama,
A NOBLE OUTCAST.
ap 3 tf

**Receiver's Sale.**

I WILL SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION for Cash, at retail at the late place of business of M. J. Dingelhoef, No 126 Market street, on Monday, April 6th, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., all the silver and plated ware, jewelry, goods, wares and merchandise of the said M. J. Dingelhoef.
This the 30th day of March 1896
J. W. MILLIS,
mar 30 10t Receiver of M. J. Dingelhoef.

**Hamme, The Hatter,**

HAS JUST CRAWLED OUT OF HIS Shell with the most
SELECT SPRING SYLES.
Straw Goods next week. Latest Styles and Lowest Prices.
mar 30 tf 26 North Front Street.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER,
OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**CASH BARGAIN WEEK**
THIS WEEK AT
**C. W. POLVOGT & CO.,**
Successor to Katz & Polvogt.

Monday to Saturday inclusive.

Also a special hour sale each day, 9 to 10 a. m. and 3 to 4 p. m. We will sell for CASH only.

20 yards any 8c Shirting, or 12½ yards Lonsdale Cambric for $1.00. No more or no less can be purchased.

**Monday.**

We offer this day only 20 per cent. on our entire stock of Dress Goods and Silks, consisting of the latest Novelties in both Black and Fancy Goods, Persian Silks, &c. Take advantage of this sale and have your new Easter Dress ready.

**Tuesday.**
THIS DAY ONLY.

Oour 20 cents Wool Challie for 11 cents.
Best Percalin only 11c.
Best Selecia only 10c.
Gray Drilling only 5c.
Skirt Cambric, all colors, 3½c.
Belding Spool Silk, 100 yards, 5c.
One lot of Dress Ginghams worth 10c, 12½c and 15c, to-day 5c.
Flannelette 10c and 15c, trade 8c.
Good Hooks and Eyes only 3c.

**Wednesd'y.**
THIS DAY ONLY.

Our $1 S C. Signora Corsets, Duplex and French woven Corsets 66c
Ladies' Muslin Underwear and Shirt-waist, this day 20 per ct. off.
Our 12½ and 15c Mattings, this day 10c. We will give this day 20 per cent. off on our Carpets, Rugs, Window Shades and Door Mats.
$1 50 Japs. Porteirs only 93c.

**Thursday.**
THIS DAY ONLY.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Our $1.25 | White Spreads | 85c. |
| Our 1.50 | " " | $1.05. |
| Our 1.75 | " " | 1 23. |
| Our 2.75 | " " | 1.98. |
| Our 3.50 | " " | 2 39. |

We offer this day every 25 and 35c Towels at 21c.
Your choice of our Percales for only 10 cents.
15c Duck, Fancy Figures, only 9c.

**Friday**
CLOSED—GOOD FRIDAY, HOLIDAY.

**Saturday.**
THIS DAY ONLY.

Any Infant's Silk Caps in our Store only 50c.
Our $1.00 Kid Gloves only 89c.
Our $1.50 Kid Gloves only $1.19.
Our 15c Emb'd H. S. Handk'fs 10c.
Our 25c Veiling only 19c.
Our 35c Veiling only 23c.
Gennts' 15c Linen Collars only 10c.
Gennts' 25c Linen Cuffs only 21c.
Our 25c Butter Milk, Tuberose, Cold Cream Soaps at 18c.
Good Brass Pins only 2c each paper.
This is an opportunity to secure Bargains never before offered, either by us or others who have had Bargain Sales.
No mail orders filled. To secure these Bargains you must be present yourselves.

**C. W. POLVOGT & CO.**
mar 29 tf

**Easter Dresses,**
**Easter Hats,**
**Easter Flowers,**
**Easter Slippers,**
**Easter Shoes,**
**Easter Suits.**
**All at Cut Prices**
AT THE GREAT BARGAIN STORE.
**J. H. REHDER & CO.,**
Next Fourth Street Bridge.
'Phone 118.

Car fare paid on purchases of $3 and upward.

Crayon Portraits free when purchase amounts to $10. Punch cards given to every customer.
mar 29 tf

**Easter Egg Dyes.**

APRIL 5TH IS A DATE IN WHICH A good many children are thoroughly interested. You can help them more than realize anticipation with the various Egg Dyes we offer.

Eight Beautiful Colors for 5c.
These Dyes are absolutely Harmless.
HARDIN'S PALACE PHARMACY
Phone 55. 126 So. Front St.
ap 1 tf

**Bicycle for Sale.**

FOR SALE, A NEW "CRUSADER" BICYCLE, with cushion tires. Never been unpacked. Owner has no use for it. Price very low. M.,
ap 1 3t STAR Office.

# The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 4, 1896


Extract from a speech of Hon John G. Carlisle, delivered in the House of Representatives in 1878:

"I know that the world's stock of the precious metals is none too large, and I see no reason to apprehend that it wil l ever become so. Mankind will be fortunate indeed if the annual production of gold and silver shall keep pace with the annual increase of population, commerce and industry. According to my view of the subject, the conspiracy which seems to have been formed here and in Europe to destroy by legislation from three-sevenths to one-half the metallic money of the world is the most gigantic crime of this or any other age. The consummation of such a scheme would ultimately entail more misery upon the human race than all the wars, pestilence and famine that ever occurred in the history of the world. The absolute and instantaneous destruction of half the entire movable property of the world, including houses, ships, railroads and all other appliances for carrying on commerce, while it would be felt sensibly at the moment would not produce anything like the prolonged distress and disorganization of society that must inevitably result from the permanent annihilation of one-half the metallic money in the world."

Extract from a letter written by Hon. Hoke Smith to Col. W. L. Peek, of Georgia, Sept. 15th, 1890:

"I mentioned a number of measures of proposed reform around which all might gather, and out of them obtain the very best plan for the relief the people that it was possible to pass.

"1. Currency, with non-perishable agricultural products as a basis, the issue to be limited to only a part of the crop, but not to be called in at the end of twelve months. On the contrary, to remain in circulation until a second crop is harvested, and until a portion of the second crop may be substituted for the first, thereby making it possible to keep the money in constant circulation, and to prevent a yearly forced contraction.

"2. The free coinage of silver.

"3. The issue of Treasury notes by which the Government bonds might be redeemed, and instead of the interest-bearing bonds a legal tender currency substituted.

"4. A graded income tax, by which the large fortunes accumulated in the hands of the few might be made to bear their portion of the expense of Government.

"5. A-reduction of the tariff generally and especially on the necessaries of life."

## PLAYING THE WOOL GAME.

The Republican State Conventions which have met so far to choose delegates to the National Convention have with one exception straddled on the financial question and have contented themselves with reiterating in substance if not in exact language the national platform of 1892, a platform which it was supposed meant something, but which it has since been discovered meant nothing.

That was simply intended to pull the wool over the eyes of the friends of silver throughout the country, and these platforms now being adopted are but a continuation of the same game. That kind of a platform may have done pretty well then if they meant it, for the gold advocates had not then advanced as far as they have since and then did not object to bimetallism as they do now, but that kind of a platform will not do now for it meets neither the demands of the bimetallists, who have been fooled by it and seen through the cheat, nor of the gold men, who insist on the platforms declaring straightout for the gold standard without any half-way bimetallic provisos.

Of course Democrats have no interest in Republican platforms only in so far as they show the manipulation of Republican leaders, and the game they are playing to fool the people and get back into power again, when the platforms will be treated as so much old lumber which has served its purpose and will be chucked out into the odds and ends heap as worthless stuff.

These Republican platform builders have shown their characteristic duplicity in building their platforms, which are intended to represent one thing in one section and another thing in another, but they committed the mistake of supposing that the people would be as easily satisfied and as easily duped this year as they were four years ago. If they have not already discovered their mistake they will before they have got through with the work of nominating and electing their President. In thus straddling they are not meeting the wishes of the friends of silver, who do not believe they mean what they say, nor the wishes of the champions of gold, who wouldn't approve what they say if they mean it.

The only convention which has so far spoken with anything approximating candor is the Massachusetts convention, whose platform demands that the obligations of the Government must be redeemed in *gold*. This is candid, and it is the only one that comes squarely up to the line drawn by the Eastern bankers and bondholders. The New York Republicans, although they have put up as their preference for President a banker, did not dare go so far as this, but held out the idea of bimetallism based on international agreement, while the New Hampshire Republicans, under the manipulation of Bill Chandler, made a still wider straddle and proclaimed for a currency reform based on gold, silver and paper, of equal purchasing and debt-paying power and convertible. That this was a wool-puller is shown by the unique speech of Senator Chandler, who in enumerating the boons that would come to the country by reinstating the Republican party in power, said:

"Our victory will also mean the settlement of the currency question. *Precisely in what way it will be settled I have no right positively to assert.* This Convention may utter its views, the National Convention will lay down its platform, the President and Congress to be elected will carry out the national principles. For my own part I may be permitted to say that I am against the gold monometallism of President Cleveland, Secretary Carlisle and their faction of the Democratic party. I am also opposed to the other extreme—namely, the unlimited coinage at this time, by the United States alone, of silver bullion. I am in favor of that bimetallism to which all parties have been hitherto pledged, and to which the Republican party is especially pledged, and which means that silver shall be restored, at the proper ratio, to be the equal of gold for all purposes, to be equal with gold upon the well-known system of bimetallism, the measure of the world's values."

This may do for New Hampshire, and if there be any grown people in that corner of the Republic who have no well defined views on the money question it may fool them; but it will not fool any one who has any knowledge of the performances and the lack of performance of the Republican party on this question. He declares that if the Republican party be returned to power the currency question will be settled, but *how* it will be settled he has *no right to positively assert*. The inference from this is, if it be susceptible of any inference, that he knows it will be settled but is not authorized to state how, trying to create the impression that the Republicans have a plan and an understanding, the terms of which he was not at liberty to state. This is trifling with a very important question and trifling with the people, who are left in the dark on a matter which is agitating the whole country and in which Senator Chandler's constituents have a vital interest. He undertakes to fool the people by pledging that his party will settle the currency question, and then in defining his own individual views takes a straddle wide enough to split an ordinary straddler wide open, when he intimates that he will favor a ratio based on the market price of silver, which isn't many degrees removed from drivelling idiocy, for on that plan there never would be any fixed ratio or any fixed value on the money whose ratio was regulated by a fluctuating value.

But Senator Chandler didn't mean this any more than he meant what he said when he assured the New Hampshire sovereigns that if the Republican party got back into power it would "settle the currency question." All he said on this occasion was simply said to pull the wool over the eyes of the people and make them believe that the Republican party has a plan and will go about carrying it out in good faith. Talk like that is as thin as a fishing net and it doesn't fool anybody any more than the straddling platforms do.

## AN ANSWER THAT DOESN'T ANSWER.

In reply to ex Speaker Crisp's contention that the demonetization of silver has been injurious to the business and industrial progress of this country, Secretary Hoke Smith, who is now, as a representative gold standard man, holding joint discussions with Mr. Crisp in Georgia, says Mr. Crisp's contention cannot hold, for this country has never made such progress as it has since 1873, when silver was demonetized. That is a pretty broad assertion, but it is not fair, and as a matter of fact it is not true.

No one will dispute that this country has made progress, and a great deal of progress, since 1873. Statistics show that, but statistics do not enter into the discussion of the causes which may have produced the greater progress of one period as compared with a preceding one. In speaking of the progress of this country the South necessarily comes in as an important factor. Of course there was no industrial progress during the war, and from the close of the war until 1876 the people of the South had about all they could do to protect the little they they had left from the political adventurers and vampires who were preying upon them. Industrial progress didn't really begin in the South until 1876, so that for over fifteen years the South was at a practical standstill, and yet the progress of the South since then is counted by Mr. Smith in his claim for the general progress made since 1873 in contrast with the progress of preceding years. If we go on the other side of the line it can be shown that the North and the West never in the same time made anything approaching the progress they made from 1860, although engaged in a great war, till 1868, when the contraction of the currency began. It was during that period that the Pacific railroads linking the Atlantic and Pacific States were constructed and that vast area between the Missouri river and the Rocky Mountains thrown open to civilization and settlement. It was the work which was inaugurated and carried out then which in a great measure made the showing of progress since 1873 possible.

But even if what he says be strictly true doesn't his contention argue as much for the high protective tariff? Mr. Smith has been and is a tariff reformer, and yet according to his assertion this country never made as much progress as it did under protection. With what consistency, then, can Mr. Smith assail protection and demand a "tariff for revenue only?" If the country made such marvellous progress under a high protective tariff, why not let the high protective tariff stand? Mr. Smith would answer, and answer correctly, that the country progressed not because of the protective tariff, but in spite of it. If he were equally consistent and candid in the discussion of the money question he would say that the country has progressed not because of the prevalence of the gold standard, but in spite of it.

## MINOR MENTION.

The Republican platform builders are putting in a good deal of stuff in their platforms about the disastrous results of the Democratic tariff and the absolute necessity of a return to the Republican policy of high protection to protect our manufacturing industries from competition with the "pauper" made stuff of other countries. One of the industries which they represent to be in a perilous condition and languishing for the fostering care of the Government is the iron and steel industry, but while they are lamenting its unhappy fate under Democratic neglect, the iron and steel makers are going right along attending to business and are doing what they never did before, that is invading foreign markets which have heretofore been almost monopolized by England and Germany. In view of these facts the high tariff organs have about as much trouble now in making their editorial and news columns harmonize as they had in their efforts to keep up the calamity chorus when the revival in business set in. The following is clipped from the New York *Tribune* of March 27th:

"Japan is buying her steel rails at the Pennsylvania mills, finding them cheaper there than in England, and of a better quality. At the same time our furnaces are shipping pig iron to the British market, underselling the home product, to the amazement and consternation of the producer there, who would have smiled at such a prediction a few years ago. The world really moves."

The query logically presents itself, if all this be so, what decent excuse can these fellow offer for demanding more protection for the iron and steel men?

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Some of the Democratic gold standard papers are congratulating the country that the Republican Convention of Massachusetts had the courage to tackle the money question without a straddle and to declare unequivocally for "sound money"; and they express the hope that both of National Conventions of the Democratic and Republican parties will be equally courageous. The "sound money" phrase here used is a fraud. The Republican Convention of Massachusetts did not declare for "sound money," but declared unequivocally that every obligation of the Government must be redeemed in *gold*, nothing but gold. That is their definition of "sound money" and that is what these Democratic gold standard papapers mean when they express the hope that the Democratic National Convention will cut its timber and build its platform on the plan of the Massachusetts Republican architects.

## BOOK NOTICES.

*The Ladies' Home Journal* for April wil be found a very interesting number, presenting much enjoyable reading matter, beautifully illustrated, in addition to which the different departments, domestic, on dress, &c., are full and instructive. Published by the Curtis Publishing Company, Philadelphia.

This week's issue of *Leslie's Weekly* is a bicycle number, superbly illustrated. The illustrations are numerous and are presented with an artistic finish which does credit to the printer's art. In addition to this this number is filled with interesting reading matter. Published by the Arkell Weekly Company, New York.

The leading article in *McClure's Magazine* for April is entitled "The New Marvel in Photography," describing experiments with the X ray, of which it gives illustrations. Following this are sketches of Anthony Hope, of Rousseau, and numerous other papers, all richly illustrated. Published by S. S. McClure, 30 Lafayette Place, New York.

## CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The Senatorial apologists for Spain will doubtless explain that the brutal execution of Enrique Aleman was merely one of Weyler's pleasantries, tending to show that he proposes to conduct his campaign on the most humane lines.—*N. Y. Journal, Dem.*

—— Don't get impatient for Carlisle to declare his Presidential candidacy. It is a late Spring, but when the Spring does come it will come. Within a few days Carlisle will doubtless speak out, and when he does we shall hear from the man who is not only the ablest Democrat in the country, but who has the strongest, and it does seem the only, chance of any Democrat to win the Presidential election in November.—*Louisville Courier-Journal, Gold Standard Dem.*

—— North Carolina built more cotton mills last year than were built in all New England. Mills are shutting down in New England because it is not profitable to run them, while they are running on full time in all the Southern States. This is as it should be. The movement of "the mills to the cotton fields," which began in earnest less than twenty years ago, should see its natural conclusion in less than twenty years more, when it is probable that the whole cotton crop of the South will be manufactured in the South.—*Charleston News and Courier, Dem.*

## SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Columbus *News*: Mrs. Eliza Watts died suddenly at her home at Coleman on Saturday night, March 28th, at about 10 o'clock. She was about 60 years old at the time of her death.

— Rocky Mount *Phœnix*: We regret to note the death of Mrs. Betsy Hines, which occurred last Thursday, at the home of her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Lucie Hines, in Edgecombe county, in the 73d year of her age.

— Monroe *Enquirer*: Messrs. Whitfield Bros. have added to the *Enquirer* museum one of the greatest curiosities in the egg line we have ever seen. On the small end of the egg is a well developed arm, as perfect as any sculpter could fashion it. The arm is in the act of striking, and looks like the arm on the Arm and Hammer brand of soda.

— Jonesboro *Progress*: It was reported in some of the newspapers two weeks ago that the Langdon-Henzey Coal Mining Company of Chatham county had sold out to the New York Gas and Coal Company. It is now believed that the sale was only a sham to avoid paying damages to the relatives of the unfortunates who lost their lives in the recent explosion. The company has been sued, in the aggregate, for about two hundred thousand dollars. The company failed to pay off for the last month and the miners are out on a strike and things generally look gloomy around the mines.

— Fayetteville *Observer*: Dr. J. M. Millard died in Asheville last Friday. He was well known in this county, having at one time practiced medicine in Cedar Creek. After leaving the county he went to Asheville and there accumulated considerable wealth. —— A horrible accident occurred in Flea Hill Friday. While Lucy Williams, an old colored woman, was burning grass her clothes caught fire and before aid reached her she was terribly burned. We learn that she is not expected to live. —— Tuesday evening at Ivanhoe, on the C. F. & Y. V. R. R., John Williamson, colored, was fatally injured. While putting lumber in a dry kiln the weights attached to the door broke, and the massive structure fell, crushing the lower par of the unfortunate man's body. He died under the surgeon's knife. —— Deputy Sheriff J. D. Currie brought into town Saturday morning and lodged in jail Lawrence Rowland, charged with killing Tom Crowder in Quewhiffle Thursday. The homicide occurred on Mr. J. E. Buchanan's farm. Rowland and Crowder were playing snapping guns at each other, when Rowland's accidently exploded, sending a load of shot into Crowder's head, killing him instantly. It is said that the killing was purely an accident.

## TWINKLINGS.

— She—"That's the girl my husband admires so."

He—"But, then, he never had any taste in women."—*Sketch*.

— "Flossie, have you joined any new societies lately?"

"Oh, yes; and it's a lovely organization. It's the Universal Sisterhood of the Universal Brotherhood of Man."—*Chicago Record*.

— Cholly Weeils—What's the matter, old man—broken down?

Bill Baker—No; I have one of those new combination locks and I have forgotten the combination number.—*Judge*

— Citily—"I see that your auction of Lonelywood lots was postponed the other day. Anything serious the matter?"

Commuter—"Oh, no; only there was an unusually high spring tide."—*Puck*.

— A charitable old country dame, shocked at the ragged aspect of a wayfarer, kindly offered to mend his clothes for him. "Thankee, mum," replied the tramp; "I've got a button here. If you'd kindly sew a shirt on to it."—*Household Words*.

— Singularly Ignorant Police—A shooting affair occurred in Long Island City on Saturday morning, and although the victim was seriously and perhaps mortally wounded, the police knew nothing about it until after it had occurred.—*The World*.

### The Surroundings.

The heroine had the center of the stage.

"Amid such surroundings," she exclaimed, looking raptly at the people, "who could not be happy?"

Upon her felicity broke the villain rudely.

"Ha, ha!" he laughed through his nose. "Wait!"

She shivered with a nameless dread.

"Wait," he cried, "till you see the scenery we get when we go on the road."—Detroit Tribune.

### Small, Pointed Teeth.

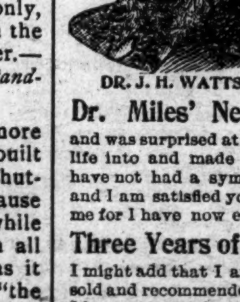
Small, pointed teeth denote many unpleasant characteristics. When accompanied by nearsightedness, round eyes, a pug or snub nose and noticeably small and sometimes very pretty ears, their owner will be found to possess many catlike attributes. A woman of this kind will naturally make the gestures, with the right hand about her face and head, of the cat with its paw.—Kansas City Times.


YEARS OF INTENSE PAIN.

*Dr. J. H. Watts*, druggist and physician, Humboldt, Neb., who suffered with heart disease for four years, trying every remedy and all treatments known to himself and fellow-practitioners; believes that heart disease is curable. He writes:

"I wish to tell what your valuable medicine has done for me. For four years I had heart disease of the very worst kind. Several physicians I consulted, said it was

Rheumatism of the Heart.



DR. J. H. WATTS,

It was almost unendurable; with shortness of breath, palpitations, severe pains, unable to sleep, especially on the left side. No pen can describe my sufferings, particularly during the last months of those four weary years. I finally tried

Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure,

and was surprised at the result. It put new life into and made a new man of me. I have not had a symptom of trouble since and I am satisfied your medicine has cured me for I have now enjoyed, since taking it

Three Years of Splendid Health.

I might add that I am a druggist and have sold and recommended your Heart Cure, for I know what it has done for me and only wish I could state more clearly my suffering then and the good health I now enjoy. Your Nervine and other remedies also give excellent satisfaction." J. H. WATTS.

Humboldt, Neb., May 9, '94.

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health

Dr. Miles' Pain Pills are guaranteed to stop Headache in 20 minutes. "One cent a dose."

For sale by all Druggists. change.

June 15 1y su tu th



OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE AT THIS office. Suitable for wrapping paper.


## BONAPARTE'S ALARM.

### He Feared He Was to Be Arrested at the House of Talleyrand.

A sufficient military force having been made ready, it was determined at a secret meeting of the Bonapartists, held on 15 Brumaire (Nov. 7), that the blow should be struck three days later. To that end the ancients were to meet, according to the programme, on the morning of 17 Brumaire, and summon both assemblies to hold a session on 18 Brumaire at St. Cloud. Under a provision of the constitution whenever an amendment to that document was to be considered the two bodies were to sit outside the walls of Paris. This move would naturally excite considerable suspicion among the uninitiated, and although there might be no disorder there would certainly be much heated discussion in the streets. Still greater was the danger which lay in the temper of the troops. Enthusiastic for what they felt to be still the republic, every appearance of offering violence to any and all avowed republicans like those who sat among the 500 must be avoided. The solution of this latter problem was really the key to the whole combination. Success would depend entirely on the momentary instinct of plain, honest republican soldiers taken unawares.

Minor troubles there were also. Sieyes, sensitive under the evident determination of Bonaparte to use him only so long as he was necessary, became restive, and it required the nicest balancing of interests to keep him temporarily in the traces. It was a time of terrible anxiety to the conspirators. Talleyrand never forgot a scene which took place at his house in the Rue Taitobut a few nights antecedent to the crisis. He and Bonaparte were still deep in conversation about 1 in the morning when they heard the rumbling of carriage wheels and the ring of cavalry hoofs in the street. Suddenly both ceased. They had paused at the door. Bonaparte turned pale and Talleyrand also as they paused and listened, fully convinced that both were to be arrested. The latter blew out the candles and hurried through a passageway to gain a view of the street. After some delay he discovered that the carriage of a gambling house keeper, returning under police escort from the Palais Royal with his spoils, had broken down. His fears relieved, he returned to joke with Bonaparte about the scare.

Before the appointed day, however, everything which master schemers could foresee was carefully adjusted and in equilibrium. The apparent resurrection of Jacobinism was actually the last appearance of its ghost, for the directory, shorn of all prestige, was divided and shaky. The army, republican to the core, was weary with its inefficiency and furious with its bankruptcy. The mass of the nation, conservative and royalist, despaired of a restoration, and sick of war were for the moment in a humor to accept any strong government. The majority of the administration, the nation and the army were therefore in readiness, while the numerous malcontents in each were at least temporarily silenced. Every little hidden wire of private interest was in hand, and plans were ripe to coerce those who could not be cajoled.—Professor W. M. Sloane's "Life of Napoleon" in Century.

### Whittier's Birthplace.

In the town of Haverhill, Mass., near the Merrimac river, not far from Salisbury beach and in a house built by his great-great-grandfather more than two centuries ago, John Greenleaf Whittier was born on Dec. 17, 1807. For three generations before him the family had been connected with the "Society of Friends, and all his life long Whittier retained the Quaker simplicity of manner and attire. He began early to do the chores of the household and also to aid his father in the work of the farm.

The house was surrounded by woods, and "a small brook, noisy enough as it foamed, rippled and laughed down its rocky falls" by the garden side and then wound its way to a larger stream, that, "after doing its duty at two or three saw and grist mills" (the clash of which would be heard in still days across the intervening woodlands), ran into the great river and was borne along to the great sea. Thus in early boyhood Whittier had a chance to get friendly and familiar with brooks and woods and rocky hills and all the other features of the New England landscape. He helped to care for the oxen and the horses, and he came to know the wilder animals which also lived on the farm.—Professor Brander Matthews in St. Nicholas.

### Simulation of Death by Fakirs.

Herr Kuhn not long ago presented a communication on this subject to the Anthropological society of Munich. He had the opportunity of personally observing two cases as to the genuineness of which he had no doubt whatever. One of the fakirs referred to had been buried alive for six weeks, the other for ten days. The condition which the fakir has the power of producing artificially is in all respects identical with the cataleptic trance. The fakirs, who are all hysterical subjects of a very pronounced type, put themselves through a regular course of training before the performance, weakening themselves by semistarvation, taking internally various vegetable substances known only to them, keeping their bodies motionless in the same position for several hours at a time, etc.

When the fakir has by these means got himself into proper condition, he has only to lie down in one of the positions enjoined by the sacred books and fix his eyes on the end of his nose to fall into a state of trance. The fakirs are also believed to use hasheesh for the purpose of lessening the force of respiration. That hypnotic agent associated with other vegetable substances and used in a special manner is believed by them to supply the want both of air and nourishment. At the beignning of the trance the fakir has hallucinations, hearing heavenly voices, seeing visions, etc. Gradually, however, consciousness becomes annulled, the body becomes rigid, and, as the fakirs themselves say, "the spirit rejoins the soul of the world."—British Medical Journal.

## A PUZZLED PHILOSOPHER.

### Why Should He Be Greatly Miss the Things That Are Not?

A philosopher dwelt in a house owned by Cleon. But one day Cleon came to the philosopher and said, "Why have you not sent me the money for last month's rent?" The philosopher said he knew of no reason except that he had no money, having gotten to the bottom of his purse.

"You will have to move out," said Cleon, "to make room for a cordwainer I know who wants this house and has money."

"Would you, then," said the philosopher, "turn me out when I am so comfortable here, having dwelt in this house 30 years?"

"It is my comfort," said Cleon, "and not yours that I consider."

"Then you prefer a cordwainer, I conclude, to a philosopher."

"No," said Cleon; "a landlord has no preference except to prefer rent money to no rent money."

So the cordwainer moved into the philosopher's house, and the philosopher went to live in the mean hovel of the cordwainer.

But once there, although contented enough, because he was a philosopher, yet he could not avoid the obtrusive facts of the absence of all those things which in his former habitation had grown habitual to him.

This was the first thing that puzzled him—how that which was not could be so obtrusive. "What," said he, "can be so entirely nonexistent as a negation? And yet here I am confronted with an obtrusive negation."

"I miss," said he again, "a chest of drawers, a table, a fireplace and the scenery from the window where I used to sit. I wonder if it will be so after we are driven out from our bodies because death, the final, inexorable landlord, demands a rental we cannot pay."

In time, however, the philosopher gradually ceased being oppressed by the obtrusive memories and grew accustomed to new associations.

"I wonder," said he, "if it will be so when we are immortals—after death at first painful regrets for what we have lost, and in the end nothing of the old but faint memories and a new set of associations. I wonder always and wonder most if philosophy will ever be anything better than clever wondering about the wonderful."—Chicago Open Court.

### Animals Understand Hygiene.

Enough is now known of the nature of animal materia medica to excite interest and curiosity. There is abundant evidence that many species know and constantly make use of simple remedies for definite disorders, and at the same time observe rules of health to which only the highest civilization or the sanction of religious prescription compels man to conform.

It has been noted that the general condition of animal health, especially in the case of the herbivorous creatures, corresponds not inexactly with that of such tribes as the Somalis, men feeding almost solely on grain, milk, dates and water, living constantly in the open air, moderate in all things and cleanly, because their religion enjoins constant ablutions. Like them, wild animals have no induced diseases. The greater number do not eat to excess. They take regular exercise in seeking their food and drink only at fixed hours. Many of them secure change of climate, one of the greatest factors in health, by migration.

This is not confined to birds and beasts, for the salmon enters the soft water partly to get rid of sea parasites and returns to the sea to recruit after spawning. With change of climate, change of diet and perfectly healthy habits their list of disorders is short, though they readily fall victims to contagious disease just as recently numbers of the Hamran Arabs of the Sudan, as healthy livers and good Mussulmans as the Somalis themselves, friends and fellow hunters with Sir Samuel Baker, perished of contagious fever on the banks of the Nile tributaries.—London Spectator.

### Mme. Faure.

One of the ambitions of Mme. Felix Faure, wife of the president of France, is to become the leader of fashions for the republic, as the Empress Eugenie was for the empire, according to popular report. Consequently she not only dresses exquisitely, but keeps the names of her modiste and milliner a secret. At the Grand Prix races she wore a costume so beautiful that the fashion papers not only described it at length, but illustrated it in colors. It was a creation of brown satin, chiffon and cream lace.—Paris Letter.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MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind †



It May Do as Much for You.

Mr. Fred. Miller, of Irving, Ill., writes that he had a Severe Kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so-called Kidney cures but without any good result. About a year ago he began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to cure of all Kidney and Liver troubles and often gives almost instant relief. One trial will prove our statement. Price only 50c. for large bottle. At R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †



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THE GREAT

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Taken Internally, It Cures Diarrhœa, Cramp, and Pain in the Stomach, Sore Throat, Sudden Colds, Coughs, &c., &c.

Used Externally, It Cures Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Sprains, Toothache, Pain in the Face, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Frosted Feet.

No article ever attained to such unbounded popularity.—*Salem Observer.*

An article of great merit and virtue.—*Cin. Nonpareil.*

We can bear testimony to the efficacy of the Pain-Killer. We have seen its magic effects in soothing the severest pain, and know it to be a good article.—*Cincinnati Dispatch.*

A speedy cure for pain—no family should be without it.—*Montreal Transcript.*

Nothing has yet surpassed the Pain-Killer, which is the most valuable family medicine now in use.—*Tenn. Organ.*

It has real merit; as a means of removing pain, no medicine has acquired a reputation equal to Perry Davis' Pain-Killer.—*Newport (Ky.) Daily News.*

It is really a valuable medicine—it is used by many Physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

Beware of imitations, buy only the genuine made by "PERRY DAVIS." Sold everywhere, large bottles, 25 and 50c.

dec 17 tu thsa


### Virginia's Swelling Toad.

The wonder of the genus batrachia and the greatest natural history oddity to be found along the Atlantic coast of the United States is the swelling toad, a semiaquatic creature known to naturalists as bufomachalatus. It is occasionally met with from New York city to Jacksonville, Fla., but is most common along the coasts of Virginia, Maryland and North Carolina. When in its natural state, the "swell toad" is about the size of a large bullfrog, but looks more like a fish than it does like either a frog or a toad. He is about six inches in length and has the curious faculty of being able to swell to the size of a Yale football, in which state his legs, tail and head are scarcely visible.

Irritation appears to be the chief factor in causing these curious creatures to inhale air until they swell almost to bursting. The bellies of both the males and females are nearly pure white and are covered with spines which give that portion of their anatomy the appearance of a well ripened "jimson" bur. Persons who understand the "swell toad" and know what an irritable little rascal he is catch him and rub the spines on his belly, when he swells up until he is utterly helpless. Another curious point about the creature is that as long as he is kept on his back he is unable to expel the air so as to reduce the swelling.—St. Louis Republic.


The Ideal Panacea.

James L. Francis, Alderman, Chicago, says: "I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as an Ideal Panacea for Coughs, Colds and Lung Complaints, having used it in my family for the last five years, to the exclusion of physician's prescriptions or other preparations."

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## Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| BAGGING— | | | |
| 2-lb Jute | | @ | 5¾ |
| Standard | 7¼ | @ | 6¼ |
| WESTERN SMOKED— | | | |
| Hams ℔ | 12½ | @ | 14 |
| Sides ℔ | 7½ | @ | 7½ |
| Shoulders ℔ | 6½ | @ | 7 |
| DRY SALTED— | | | |
| Sides ℔ | 5¾ | @ | 5½ |
| Shoulders ℔ | 5½ | @ | 4¾ |
| BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine— | | | |
| Second-hand, each | 1 00 | @ | 1 10 |
| New New York, each | 1 35 | @ | 1 40 |
| New City, each | | @ | 1 40 |
| BEESWAX ℔ | 25 | @ | 27 |
| BRICKS— | | | |
| Wilmington, ℔ M | 6 50 | @ | 7 00 |
| Northern | 9 00 | @ | 14 00 |
| BUTTER— | | | |
| North Carolina, ℔ | 15 | | |
| Northern | 23 | @ | |
| CORN MEAL— | | | |
| Per bushel, in sacks | 42½ | @ | 45 |
| Virginia Meal | 43½ | @ | 42½ |
| COTTON TIES—℔ bundle | | @ | 65 |
| CANDLES—℔— | | | |
| Sperm | 18 | @ | 25 |
| Adamantine | 9 | @ | 10 |
| CHEESE—℔— | | | |
| Northern Factory | 10 | @ | 11 |
| Dairy, Cream | 11 | @ | 12 |
| State | .... | @ | 10 |
| COFFEE—℔— | | | |
| Laguyra | 27 | @ | 28 |
| Rio | 20 | @ | 23 |
| | 15 | @ | 19 |
| DOMESTICS— | | | |
| Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard | - | | 5¾ |
| Yarns, ℔ bunch | 18 | @ | 20 |
| EGGS—℔ dozen | 10 | @ | 10½ |
| FISH | | | |
| Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel | 22 00 | @ | 30 00 |
| Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-barrel | 11 00 | @ | 15 00 |
| Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ barrel | 16 00 | @ | 18 00 |
| Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-barrel | 8 00 | @ | 9 00 |
| Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel | 13 00 | @ | 14 00 |
| Mullets, ℔ barrel | 3 00 | @ | 3 25 |
| Mullets, ℔ pork barrel | 5 75 | @ | 6 00 |
| N. C. Roe Herring ℔ keg | 3 00 | @ | 3 25 |
| Dry Cod, ℔ | 5 | @ | 10 |
| " Extra | 3 25 | @ | 3 50 |
| FLOUR—℔ barrel— | | | |
| Low grade | 3 25 | @ | 3 50 |
| Choice, | 3 25 | @ | 3 50 |
| Straight | 4 10 | @ | 4 25 |
| First Patent | | @ | 4 50 |
| GLUE—℔— | 7½ | @ | 10 |
| GRAIN—℔ bushel— | | | |
| Corn, from store, bags—White | 45 | @ | 45 |
| Corn, cargo, in bulk—White | | @ | 42½ |
| Corn, cargo, in bags—White | | @ | 44½ |
| Oats, from store | 32½ | @ | 35 |
| Oats, Rust Proof | 40 | @ | 40 |
| Cow Peas | 50 | @ | 60 |
| HIDES, ℔— | | | |
| Green | .... | @ | 6 |
| Dry | .... | @ | 8 |
| HAY, ℔ 100 lbs— | | | |
| Eastern | .... | @ | 1 05 |
| Western | | @ | 90 |
| North River | | @ | 85 |
| HOOP IRON, ℔ | 2 | @ | 3¼ |
| LARD, ℔— | | | |
| Northern | 6½ | @ | 9 |
| North Carolina | 6 | @ | 10 |
| LIME, ℔ barrel | .... | | 1 25 |
| LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M feet— | | | |
| Ship Stuff, resawed | 18 00 | @ | 20 00 |
| Rough-Edge Plank | 15 00 | @ | 16 00 |
| West India cargoes, according to quality | 13 00 | @ | 18 00 |
| Dressed Flooring, seasoned | 18 00 | @ | 22 00 |
| Scantling and Board, common | 14 00 | @ | 15 00 |
| MOLASSES, ℔ gallon— | | | |
| New Crop Cuba, in hhds | .. | @ | 22 |
| " " " in bbls | .... | @ | 23 |
| Porto Rico, in hhds | 25 | @ | 27½ |
| " " in bbls | 25 | @ | 30 |
| Sugar-House, in hhds | 13 | @ | 14 |
| " " in bbls | .... | @ | 15 |
| Syrup, in bbls | 13 | @ | 25 |
| NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut. 60d basis | 2 35 | @ | 2 45 |
| PORK, ℔ barrel— | | | |
| City Mess | 11 50 | @ | 11 00 |
| Rump | | @ | 11 00 |
| Prime | | @ | 11 00 |
| ROPE, ℔ | 10 | @ | 22 |
| SALT ℔ sack Alum | .... | @ | 75 |
| Liverpool | .... | @ | 65 |
| Lisbon | .... | @ | .... |
| American | | @ | 65 |
| on 125 ℔ Sacks | 40 | @ | 45 |
| SHINGLES 7-inch, ℔ M | 5 00 | @ | 7 00 |
| Common | 2 00 | @ | 2 50 |
| Cypress Saps | 4 50 | @ | 5 00 |
| Cypress Hearts | .... | @ | 7 50 |
| SUGAR, ℔—Standard Granu'd | 5½ | @ | 5¼ |
| Standard A | | @ | 4⅞ |
| White Ex. C | | @ | 4⅞ |
| ExtraC, Golden | 4 | @ | 4⅞ |
| C, Yellow | | @ | 3⅞ |
| SOAP, ℔—Northern | 3½ | @ | 4 |
| STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. Barrel | 8 00 | @ | 14 |
| R. O. Hogshead | .... | @ | 10 00 |
| TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping | 00 | @ | 9 00 |
| Mill, Prime | 00 | @ | 7 00 |
| Mill, Fair | 6 50 | @ | 4 50 |
| Common Mill | 4 00 | @ | 3 50 |
| Inferior to Ordinary | 00 | @ | 3 00 |
| TALLOW, ℔ | 5 | @ | |
| WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern | 1 00 | @ | 2 |
| North Carolina | 1 00 | @ | 2 |
| WOOL, ℔—Washed | 14 | @ | |
| Clear of burs | 12½ | @ | |
| Burry | | @ | |

## COMMERCIAL.

### WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, April 3.

[Produce Exchange closed. No business transacted in cotton and naval stores.]

## MARINE.

### ARRIVED.

Steamer D Murchison, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden.

Stmr Frank Sessoms, Black, Clear Run, R R Love.

### CLEARED.

Steamer D Murchison, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden.

Stmr Frank Sessoms, Black, Clear Run, R R Love.

### MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., April 4, 1896.

SCHOONERS.

Wm Linthicum, 158 tons, Brannock Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Morancy, 188 tons, Sawyer.

Dove, 128 tons, Eskdale, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Roger Moore, 351 tons, Miller, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Sallie Ion, 523 tons, West, Geo Harriss Son & Co.

Emma S. Cahoon, 60 tons, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Santa Anna and Maria (Ital), 413 tons, E Peschau & Co.

River Thames (Nor), 454 tons, Jas T Riley & Co.

Eugene (Nor), 508 tons, Hansen, Jas T Riley & Co.

Carolina (Aus), 467 tons Negovetich.

STEAMSHIPS.

Titanic (Br), 1,024 tons, Halliday, Alex Sprunt & Son.


Malaria

Silently steals into the system, undermining the health, causing headaches, wornout feeling, pains in the limbs, constipated bowels, other troubles. Try BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.

GUARANTEE—*Purchase money refunded* should BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, taken as directed, *fail* to benefit any person suffering from Dyspepsia, Malaria, Chills and Fever, Kidney and Liver Troubles, Biliousness, Female Infirmities, Impure Blood, Weakness, Nervous Troubles, Headache or Neuralgia.

mar 5 D&W 1y



MAXTON BUILDING —AND— LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton, N. C.

DIRECTORS.

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J. S. McRae, Maxton.
Ed. McRae, Maxton.
G. B. Patterson, Maxton.
E. F. McRae, Raemont.
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The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits on Six Series of Stock in this Association have been over

Fourteen Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 Cents per Share. Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 Cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President
W. B. HARKER, Secretary.

June 8 1m



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**For Infants and Children.**

**Castoria promotes Digestion,** and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural. Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

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From personal knowledge and observation I can say that Castoria is an excellent medicine for children, acting as a laxative and relieving the pent up bowels and general system very much. Many mothers have told me of its excellent effect upon their children." DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

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"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." CARLOS MARTYN, D.D., New York City.

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A Practically Perfect Preparation For Children's Complaints

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**POZZONI'S COMPLEXION POWDER** has been the standard for forty years and is more popular to-day than ever before.

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AT DRUGGISTS AND FANCY STORES.

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JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, N. Y.

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**Quickly, Thoroughly, Forever Cured.** Four out of five who suffer nervousness, mental worry, attacks of "the blues," are but paying the penalty of early excesses. Victims, reclaim your manhood, regain your vigor. Don't despair. Send for book with explanation and proofs. Mailed (sealed) free.

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**CURE YOURSELF!** Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. **Sold by Druggists,** or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

dec 27 1y



# The Morning Star.


### THE TWINS.

The old man and his apple tree
Are verging close on eighty-three.
'Twas planted there when he was two,
And almost side by side they grew.
How straight and strong they were at eight!
One leafy, one with curly pate;
How fine at twenty; how alive
And prosperous at twenty-five!
"What health and grace in every limb,"
Was said of it—was said of him.

Then when he blushed a marriage groom
The tree outvied the bride in bloom,
And in the after years there played
Within its ample sweep of shade
A little child with cheeks as red
As had the apples overhead.
Her father called the tree his twin,
And surely it was next to kin.

The best of life came to the twain,
The beauty of the stars, the rain
Soft stepping and the liquid notes
That overflow from feathered throats.
Unto the soul that selfish strives
Was borne the fragrance of their lives,
And anxious folk with brow down bent
Bathed in their dewy, cool content.
They held their heads up in the storm
And gloried when the wind was warm.
Their shadows lay but at their feet,
And all of life above was sweet.

And now that they are eighty-three
They're almost as they used to be.
The blossoms are as pink and white;
The old man's heart as pure and light.
The apples—fragrant balls of flame—
Are looking, tasting, just the same,
And just the same his uttered thought,
Of mirth and wisdom quaintly wrought.
Through all the years they've kept their truth,
Their strength and that sweet look of youth.
—Ethelwyn Wetherald in Youth's Companion.

### BEARS THAT CATCH SALMON.

**Easy Fishing and Good Fish In the Teeming Waters of Alaska.**

"Most bears catch fish if they have a chance," said Dr. Tarleton H. Bean, formerly icthyologist of the United States fish commission and now superintendent of the New York aquarium, "but they don't all have as easy fishing or as good fish to eat as the bears in Alaska. There the bears catch salmon. In the spawning season the fish are so thick in the streams that the bear has simply to stand on the bank and pick out the fish he wants. The salmon run up the rivers from the ocean. Some great streams they follow for hundreds of miles, seeking the head waters. It is the common belief that from these long journeys the salmon never returns alive. Worn and emaciated, often wounded by contact with stones and roots in its long and toilsome journey, it deposits its spawn and dies in its effort to regain the sea.

"The salmon seek smaller streams as well. On the island of Kadiak, for instance, in the gulf of Alaska, they run in great numbers up the Karluk river, about 20 miles to its source in Karluk lake, which is eight miles long, three or four miles wide and so deep that no line yet dropped in it has reached the bottom. The salmon spawn in the lake, in the shallow places along the shore and in the little streams tributary to it. These little streams may be in some places so shallow as to contain scarcely enough water to float the fish; its back fin and the top of its back may be out of water. The salmon of the Karluk river is the red salmon, the great salmon of commerce. It attains a length of nearly three feet and a weight of 10 to 12 pounds.

"Various birds eat many of the smaller salmon, and small fishes of other kinds eat many of the salmon eggs. The bears eat the grown fish as they pass up or down the stream on the way to or from their spawning places. The bear of Kadiak is the grizzly. It may grow to weigh 1,000 pounds or more, though that would be one of unusual size. Four hundred pounds would be much nearer the average weight. It is the common habit of the bear in Alaska to catch salmon. Every year when the salmon season begins, which is in the summer, the bears go to the streams to fish, and they fish all through the season as long as the fish continue to run.

"The country around the Karluk lake is wooded, the timber being chiefly cottonwood. There are places on the river where there is tall grass, perhaps six feet in height. It may be that a grizzly will be seen coming down out of the woods on all fours, or you may see one, alarmed at something while on its way to the river, standing up in the grass, its head appearing above the top of it.

"The bear is a good swimmer, but he doesn't need to do any swimming here. He stands with his hind feet on the bank and his fore feet in shoal water and looks straight ahead. The fish swim past in endless procession and close in to the banks, looking for springs, little streams, cool places where they like to deposit their eggs. The bear looks ahead intently. I have never stood near enough to a bear that was fishing to see that he did so, but I have no doubt that he selects out of the many constantly passing a particular fish, one that pleases his fancy. He slaps the salmon out of the water and up on the bank and turns and eats it while it is still alive. She bears take their cubs to the river and feed them there on salmon and incidentally teach them to fish."—New York Sun.

**Artificial Snow.**

A curious instance of the formation of snow was witnessed at Agen, France. A fire broke out in a sawmill when the temperature was 10 degrees C. below the freezing point. The water thrown upon it was instantly vaporized, and, rising into the cold, dry air, was immediately condensed and fell as snow. What with bright starlight and a strong northwest wind blowing, the whirling snow above and the raging fire below, a brilliant spectacle was presented.—Popular Science Monthly.

**A Dead Give Away.**

He was in Chicago.

He had signed his name in the hotel register, "John Smith, N. Y."

Then he went out to wait for a car.

He stood on the near side of the street.

The fly clerk noticed this, and as he deftly inserted the word "Brooklyn" before the "N. Y." he whistled softly a few bars of "The Liars' Club March."—Brooklyn Eagle.

**Dante's Beatrice.**

The style of beauty possessed by Dante's Beatrice is uncertain. She is described by one authority as a brunette, by another as a golden haired blond. If she was the latter, the golden hair was artificially colored, in accordance with a custom then prevalent in Italy of blonding the hair by the use of honey and sulphur.

### PROTECTION FROM LIGHTNING.

**The Utility of Safety Rods—Some Interesting Statistics.**

Lodge, one of the highest authorities, has said that any conductor (lightning rod) is better than none, although but few or none of them are absolute and complete safeguards. Some form of lightning rod is essential to anything like security. Putting aside the question of comparative cheapness of insurance against lightning and the cost of lightning rods, we can go at once to the matter as to how much lightning rods protect. In order to do this, it is necessary to get an idea of the nature of the action of lightning.

There exist all grades of lightning discharges, from the "steady strain," or gentle flow, of the electric current, comparable to the flow of water in a river with slow current, to the "impulsive rush," or intense disruptive electrical discharges of high momentum, which are comparable to an avalanche on a steep mountain side or a great flood. Where the discharge is of the former character, lightning rods do protect, but in the latter case even the best constructed conductors lose their efficiency just as a safety gate in a waterway would prove useless in the rush of waters of a great flood. It was such a disruptive discharge of lightning which caused the damage to the Washington monument on June 5, 1885. There are many flashes that are of an intensity which the human body can readily withstand.

Lightning rods should be either of copper tape weighing six ounces to the foot or of iron rod or tape weighing 35 ounces to the foot. The top of the rod should consist of clusters of points which have been plated to prevent corrosion or rust. The grounding of the rod should be in damp earth or running water, and independent grounds are preferable to water or gas main pipes. There is no definite area of protection depending on the height of the rod. The risk of a lightning stroke is about five times greater in the country than in the city. In fact, it is hardly necessary to place rods on the ordinary block dwelling houses of the city.

The region of greatest frequency of thunderstorms in the United States is in the southeastern portion, extending from Georgia to Mississippi, where 40 storms occur each year at the average. In the northern part of the United States not more than 20 occur, and on the New England coast but 10. The summer time is the time of greatest frequency. This occurs in May or June to the west and southwest of the great lakes, but the time is retarded to July and August, with progress toward the west, south and east of this region. The general direction of approach in the United States is from the west, but in southern Florida they approach from the east, thus following the direction of the general movement of the atmosphere.

About 260 people are killed annually by lightning in the United States. Of these casualties usually only one death occurs in each of January, February, November and December; in March, 3; April, 13; May, 28; June, 77; July, 63; August, 46; September, 15; October, 12. The annual loss by fire due to lightning strokes is estimated at $2,500,000. Of the annual number of 575 buildings set on fire, 370 were barns, stables and granaries, 24 churches and 131 dwellings.—New York Times.

**A Millionaire's Watchdogs.**

James Dobson, the millionaire carpet manufacturer, is a lover of fine dogs and has probably a dozen prowling about his mansion overlooking the great plant operated by the Dobsons at the falls of Schuylkill. Among them are a fine bloodhound and a handsome St. Bernard. The latter has taken possession of the coachhouse and surroundings, while the bloodhound prowls as master around the house.

Each watches his respective district during the daytime, and when one dog trespasses upon the territory of the other a bitter struggle, sometimes accompanied by bloodshed, is sure to occur. But as soon as darkness sets in the two dogs hobnob together in the most friendly manner, traveling over the premises at will. The cause of the daytime enmity and the after dark friendship cannot be accounted for by the owner. —Philadelphia Record.

**A Fortunate Accident.**

"I am lost!" the prima donna sobbed. "My years of hard study have gone for nothing."

"Alas, what is the matter?" asked her maid.

"My prospects are ruined, all through a wretched accident. Just as I was approaching the end of my aria a horrid bug flew on the stage and lit on my neck."

"And you screamed?"

"I did. What else could I do? It was my last scene and I had no chance to redeem myself."

The bell sounded and the maid announced a man from the theater.

"Show him in," said the prima donna. "I may as well meet my fate at once. It is my dismissal from the company."

"Scuse me, ma'am, fur disturbin you," said the visitor, "but de manager wants to know did you run away from your curtain recall 'cause you was took sick."

"No. I am perfectly well."

"All right. That'll ease his mind. He says that screech you let out at the wind up was the finest high C he's heard in years and you've got the town crazy over you."—Washington Star.

**Modesty.**

The confidence of musicians in their own accomplishments is often a matter of merriment to other people. A certain painist had performed several sonatas, to the not too great delight of a private company, when the hostess thought proper to compliment him moderately.

"Your playing is remarkably fine, Mr. Keys," she said.

The pianist waved his hand deprecatingly.

"Really, madam," he said, "the credit does not belong to me, if I am endowed with genius by a higher power!"—Youth's Companion.

**Time's Whirligig.**

Mrs. Newera—Henry!

Her Husband—Yes, my dear.

Mrs. Newera—Here's another bill of $1.50 for neckties. That's the third in six months. And last week I settled a bill of $1.75 for your straw hat. Do you think I'm made of money?—Chicago Tribune.


## JUST AT THIS TIME,

**A Few Valuable Hints To Those Who Are Quick To Take Advantage of Suggestions.**

Can you afford to risk your life during this Spring?

This is a question which a great many people will do well to consider just at this time.

How many people there are, just now, who complain of tired, worn-out feelings. They feel listless, languid, have headaches, backaches and continually suffer from stomach troubles. Their symptoms plainly show that their liver and kidneys are out of order. Others are sufferers from dizziness, palpitation and pains near the heart. Their blood does not circulate properly and it needs purifying. Unless these things are attended to, the first cold or chill they catch is very apt to turned into pneumonia, consumption or some other dangerous malady. Can anyone afford to run these risks?

**These dangers are not exaggerated. They actually exist, they must be faced, and it is a serious matter for people who have others depending on them.** Such people cannot afford to be laid up with a severe illness, lose work and pay heavy doctors' bills. It is wiser to guard against the many dangers by toning up the system and putting every organ of the body in perfect condition. This is easily accomplished by the aid of Warner's Safe Cure, which for years has been recognized as the greatest and best remedy for renewing the strength and building up the health.

Every doctor knows this truth. Thousands of prominent people have proved its value in their own experience. Ask them and they will tell you they always make it a practice to take Warner's Safe Cure whenever any ill health approaches. That is why they can face the most dangerous exposures without risk and always keep in perfect health. There are few people who can afford to ignore these suggestions, few who should fail to avail themselves of the valuable hints they contain.


### APPOINTMENTS.

**Wilmington District—W. S. Rone, P. E.**

Wilmington, Grace church, March 29 30.
Wilmington, Fifth Street, April 5, 6.
Wilmington, Market Street, night, April 5.
Scott's Hill circuit, Burgaw Creek, April 11, 12.
Wilmington, Bladen Street, night, April 12.
Southport station, April 18, 19.
Brunswick circuit, Shallotte Camp, April 25, 26.
Waccamaw circuit, Andrew's chapel, April 26, 27.
Columbus circuit, Peacock's, May 2, 3.
Whiteville and Fair Bluff, Fair Bluff, May 3, 4.
Elizabeth circuit, Wesley chapel, May 9, 10.
Magnolia circuit, Magnolia, May 18, 17.
Carver's Creek circuit, Carver's Creek, May 23, 24.
Onslow circuit, Jacksonville, May 30 31.
Kenansville and Onslow Mission, Friendship, June 6, 7.
Bladen circuit, Deem's chapel, June 13, 14.
Clinton circuit, Brownings, June 20, 21.

### ST. JAMES—LENT, 1896.

**DIVINE SERVICES.**

Sundays, 1st, 3rd, 5th, 11 a m, 5 p m
Sundays, 2nd, 4th, 6th, 7.45, 11 a m, 5 p m.
Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays, 7.30 a m, 5 p m.
Wednesdays, 11 a m, 8 p m.
Fridays, 11 a m, 8 p m.

**THE HOLY COMMUNION.**

Sundays, 1st, 3rd, 5th, 11 a m.
Sundays, 2nd, 4th, 6th, 7.45 a m.
Annunciation, 7.30 a m.
Maunday Thursday, 8 p m.

**HOLY WEEK.**

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, 7.30, 11 a m, 6 p m.
Thursday, 7.30 a m, 6 and 8 p m.
Good Friday, 9 a m, 12 m, 6 p m.
Saturday, 7.30 a m,
Rector's Bible Class, Fridays, 4 p m.
Joint Services, Wednesdays, 8 p. m.
Easter Collections for the Church Debt.
The Bishop's Visitation, Sunday, April 26th.

## SAFES!

**All Sizes and Make.**

WRITE OR CALL ON

**SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,**

**12 Market Street,**

jan 19 tf Wilmington, N. C.

**Save Paying Doctors' Bills**

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THE GREAT REMEDY FOR ALL BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES

Has been thoroughly tested by eminent physicians and the people for 40 years, and cures quickly and permanently

SCROFULA, ULCERS, ECZEMA, RHEUMATISM, CATARRH, ERUPTIONS, and all manner of EATING, SPREADING and RUNNING SORES. It is by far the best tonic and blood purifier ever offered to the world. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5. For sale by druggists.

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**Washing Powder**

makes glassware brilliantly clean in warm water or cold. Delightful to use for glass or silver, tin or wood or paint. Saves your hands—saves your time, your strength, your temper. Sold everywhere. Made only by

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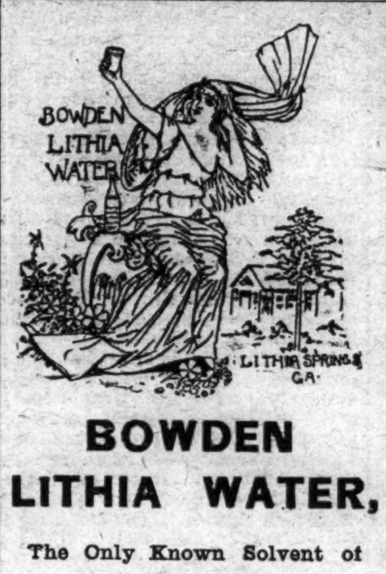


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NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA,

and INSOMNIA.

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OUR HARLEM OFFICE has just entered on its fifth year of faithful service to clients in Greater New York, and it may be said, and truly so, that the service rendered has never been equaled. Aside from being Harlem's oldest stock brokers, we have the largest clientele, more private wires, telephones, employ more telegraph operators, clerks and bookkeepers than any other up-town brokers. Also larger and more commodious suite of offices, with unequaled facilities, NORTH OF WALL STREET.

National Bank references, New York Cotton Exchange references, New York Stock Exchange references, Chicago Board of Trade references.

**WILMINGTON OFFICE: 111 North Water Street.**

U. M. ROBINSON, Manager.

Out of town business solicited. dec 29 6m



# The Times

(PHILADELPHIA) THIS MORNING!

THE TIMES—Is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspapers published in Pennsylvania. Its discussion of public men and public measures is in the interest of public integrity, honest government and prosperous industry, and it knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public issues. In the broadest and best sense a family and general newspaper.

THE TIMES—Aims to have the largest circulation by deserving it, and claims that it is unsurpassed in all the essentials of a great metropolitan newspaper. Specimen copies of any edition will be sent free to any one sending their address.

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Address all letters to THE TIMES,



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Our Store is just filled with

## NEW GOODS

IN EVERY DEPARTMENT, and they are going with a rush. Call and make your selections before the Stock is broken. We can safely say we are showing the most extensive and best Selected Stock of

## BLACK DRESS GOODS

Ever brought to this part of the country. Many entirely New Fabrics in Imported Fancy Dress Patterns, no two alike. Everybody especially invited to examine our beautiful line of WASH GOODS.

## 50 Doz. New Kid Gloves

Just received for the Easter trade, every pair warranted when fitted at the Store.

An elegant line of FRENCH MILLINERY GOODS are now on exhibition.

We have the best TRIMMER in the State and we are satisfied we can please any one. Mail orders receive our personal attention.

## Johnson & Fore,

**No. 111 Market St.**

ap 2 tf



## A Foolish Wilmington BOY

sent a shrewd Yankee $5 a few weeks ago to pay for being told a sure way of getting rich. The Yankee pocketed the "V" and wrote the young man to "Spend less than you make, keep it up long enough and you will surely get rich."

The advice is good and if our young townman will only follow it he will GET HIS MONEY BACK within a very short time.

**The Wilmington**

## Savings and Trust Co.

has been giving this advice free of charge for several years. Deposit your $5 in the Savings and Trust Co. Take the Yankee's advice, for which the Trust Co. will charge you nothing, and it may be worth many THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS to you. Your money deposited in this Company will bear 4 per cent. interest compounded quarterly and help you to accumulate money to establish a business of your own.

ap 3 tf



**THE ONLY CARGO**

## NEW CROP MOLASSES

directly imported from the

**West Indies,**

is now discharging at our wharf.

Ex-Schr. Wm. Linthicum,

Direct from Barbadoes. Superior quality. Low prices.

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Only Importers of Molasses in North Carolina.

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## Molasses.

Two lots New Crop just received.

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**FANCY AND STAPLE GROCERIES,**

full and complete.

**Houlton Rose & Peerless Seed Potatoes.**

A consignment N. C. Hams.

HALL & PEARSALL,

Nutt and Mulberry streets.

feb 28 D&W


## W., N. & N. Railway.

**In Effect Sunday, Oct. 27, 1895**

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

| NORTH BOUND 8 | STATIONS. | SOUTH BOUND 7 |
| --- | --- | --- |
| P M | —WILMINGTON— | P M |
| 3 00 | Lv.. Mulberry street ...Ar | 12 40 |
| 3 58 | Lv.. Jacksonville ......Lv | 10 42 |
| 4 30 | Lv.. Maysville ........Lv | 10 09 |
| 4 44 | Lv.. Pollocksville .....Lv | 9 55 |
| 5 2 | Ar.. Newbern ..........Lv | 9 20 |
| P M | | A M |

Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

Steamer Geo D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.

J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. oct 27 tf

## ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT March 14, 1896.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.25 A M No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.53 a m, Warsaw 11.06 a m, Goldsboro 12.01 a m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 1.35 p m, Tarboro 2.35 p m, Weldon 3.33 p m, Petersburg 5.29 p m, Richmond 6.40 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 3.30 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.35 p m, Warsaw 8.48 p m, Goldsboro 9.36 p m, Wilson 10.23 p m, †Tarboro 7.03 a m, Rocky Mount 11.05 a m, Weldon 1.01 a m, †Norfolk 10.35 a m, Petersburg 3.38 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.23 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.19 p m, Marion 6.29 p m, Florence 7.10 p m, Sumter 8.58 p m, Columbia 10.15 p m, Denmark 6.20 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 11.13 p m, Savannah 12.50 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 9.10 a m, Tampa 6.00 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M No. 49—Passenger—Leave *Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.55 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.55 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.10 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.45 a m No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12.03 p m, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.20 p m, Weldon 9.44 p m, †Tarboro 5.58 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.20 a m, Goldsboro 7.05 a m, Warsaw 7.57 a m, Magnolia 8.10 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11 50 a m No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 7.00 a m, Sanford 1.55 p m, Jacksonville 7.00 p m, Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 5.20 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.28 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.48 a m, Florence 8.25 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 p m, Halifax 4.13 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.05 p m, Greenville 6.47 p m, Kinston 7 45 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m. Arriving Halifax at 11 00 a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.00 a m and 3 00 p m, arrive Parmele 8.50 a m and 4 40 p m, Tarboro 9.45 a m, returning leaves Tarboro 5 30 p m; Parmele 10.20 a m and 6 20 p m, arrive Washington 11 50 a m and 7.10 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily at 5.30 p m, arrives Plymouth 8.35 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily at 7.40 a m., Arrive Tarboro 9.45 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N C., daily except Sunday, 6 00 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 7.20 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C. 7 50 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 15 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 11.10 a m and 8.50 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m. and 3.00 p m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8.40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dillon 9 19 a m, Rowland 9 37 a m., returning leaves Rowland 6 06 p m, arrives Dillon 6.25 p m, Latta 6.37 p m, Pee Dee 6.58 p m, daily. Latta Branch trains leave Latta 6 40 p m, arrive Clio 8 05 p m. returning leave Clio 7 00 a m, arrive Latta 8 40 a m.—Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 10.20 a m, arrive Conway 12.35 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Wadesboro daily at 5 25 a m, Cheraw 6.17 a m, Darlington 7.28 a m, arrive Florence 7.50 a m. Returning leave Florence 7.45 p m, Darlington 8.17 p m, Cheraw 9 22 p m, arrive Wadesboro 10.15 p m. Trains leave Gibson daily except Sunday, 5 50 a m, Bennettsville 6 16 a m, arrive Darlington 7.15 a m. Returning, leave Darlington 8 15 p m, Bennettsville 9 09 p m, arrive Gibson 9 35 p m.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6 06 p m, Manning 6.35 p m, arrive Lane's 7 12 p m, leave Lanes 8.38 a m, Manning 9.15 a m. arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7 10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.05 p m, 11.18 p m, arrive Selma 2.53 p m, Smithfield 3.08 p m, Dunn 3.44 p m, Fayetteville 4.30 p m. 1.15 a m, Rowland 6.06 p m, returning leave Rowland 9.37 a m, Fayetteville 10.58 a m, 9.40 p m, Dunn 11.44 a m, Smithfield 12.25 p m, Selma 12.32 p m, arrive Wilson 1.20 p m, 11.35 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Darlington †7 33 a m, arrives Sumter †9 05 a m. Leave Sumter †10 a m, arrives Pregnalls †5 40 p m. Leaves Sumter 4 33 a m, arrives Denmark 6 20 a m. Leave Elliott †11 20 a m and †7.15 p m, arrive Lucknow †1 p m and †8.15 p m. Returning leave Lucknow †5.40 a m and †3 00 p m, arrive Elliott †8 00 a m and †8.30 p m. Leaves Denmark 4 17 pm, arrive Sumter 6 05 p m. Leave Pregnalls †8 50 a m, arrive Sumter †3 05 p m. Leaves Sumter †6 30 p m, arrives Darlington †8 p m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. jan 8 tf

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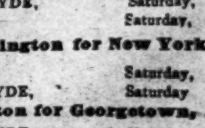
New York, Wilmington, N. C AND Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



**New York for Wilmington.**

GEO. W. CLYDE, Saturday, April 4
CROATAN, Saturday, April 11

**Wilmington for New York.**

CROATAN, Saturday, April 4
GEO. W. CLYDE, Saturday April 11

**Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.**

GEO. W. CLYDE, Tuesday, April 7
CROATAN, Tuesday, April 14

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## Steamer E. A. Hawes

WILL LEAVE FOR CLEAR RUN AND ALL points on Back River, on MONDAY and THURSDAY each week,

JAS. MADDEN, Agent.

feb 1 1m

## Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

**JOHN GILL, Receiver.**

**CONDENSED SCHEDULE.**

**IN EFFECT DEC. 8, 1895.**

| SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 1. | MAIN LINE. | NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 2. |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 7 55 p. m. | Ar... Wilmington ...Lv | 7 25 a. |
| 4 45 " | Lv... Fayetteville ...Ar | 10 33 a m |
| 4 33 " | Ar... Fayetteville ...Lv | 10 55 " |
| 4 30 " | Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv | 10 57 " |
| 3 19 " | Lv.... Sanford ......Lv | 12 19 p. m |
| 1 38 a m | Lv..... Climax ......Lv | 2 25 " |
| 1 03 " | Lv.... Greensboro ...Ar | 2 56 " |
| 12 58 | Ar.... Greensboro ...Lv | 3 05 " |
| 12 12 a m | Lv.... Stokesdale ...Lv | 3 59 " |
| 11 45 " | Lv.... Walnut Cove ...Lv | 4 31 " |
| 11 35 " | Ar.. Walnut Cove ...Lv | 4 38 " |
| 11 05 " | Lv.... Rural Hall ...Lv | 5 11 " |
| 9 35 " | Lv..... Mt Airy .....Ar | 6 45 " |

| SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 3. | Bennettsville Division. | NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 4. |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 7 20 p m | Ar... Bennettsville ...Lv | 8 25 a. m. |
| 6 12 " | Lv..... Maxton ......Ar | 9 23 " |
| 5 42 " | Lv.... Red Springs ...Lv | 9 55 " |
| 4 58 " | Lv..... Hope Mills ...Lv | 10 35 " |
| 4 38 " | Lv.... Fayetteville ...Ar | 10 52 |

| SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 15. MIXED. | Factory and Madison Branches. | NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 16. MIXED. |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 5 50 p m | Ar..... Ramseur ......Lv | 6 45 a. |
| 3 55 " | Lv...... Climax ......Lv | 8 35 " |
| 3 10 " | Lv.... Greensboro ...Ar | 9 20 " |

| NORTH BOUND. | No. 16 MIXED. daily ex su |
| --- | --- |
| Leave Greensboro | 9 35 a. m |
| Leave Stokesdale | 10 50 " |
| Arrive Madison | 11 50 " |

| SOUTH BOUND, | No. 15. MIXED. daily ex su |
| --- | --- |
| Leave Madison | 12 25 p m |
| Leave Stokesdale | 1 23 " |
| Arrive Greensboro | 3 35 " |

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston Salem.

SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS.

At Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points North and West, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points North and East; at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points South, at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South and Southwest.

**W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Passenger Agent.**

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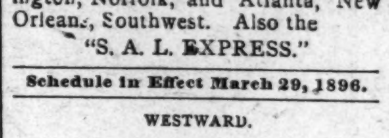
dec 8 tf

## SEABOARD AIR LINE.

## S. A. L.



Route of the famous "Atlanta Special" between New York, Washington, Norfolk, and Atlanta, New Orleans, Southwest. Also the "S. A. L. EXPRESS."

**Schedule in Effect March 29, 1896.**

WESTWARD.

| | N. 41 | | No 403 |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| | P. M. | | A. M. |
| Leave Wilmington | * 3 20 | | |
| Arrive Lumberton | 5 56 | | |
| Arrive Maxton | 6 12 | | |
| Arrive Laurinburg | 6 25 | | |
| Arrive Hamlet | 6 55 | | |
| Leave Hamlet | 7 18 | | * 9 10 |
| Arrive Rockingham | 7 16 | | 9 20 |
| Arrive Wadesboro | 8 01 | | 9 12 |
| Arrive Monroe | 8 55 | | 10 40 |
| Arrive Charlotte | 10 20 | | 11 35 |
| Arrive Mt. Holly | | | 11 59 |
| Arrive Lincolnton | | | P. M. 12 55 |
| Arrive Shelby | | | 1 50 |
| Ar. Rutherfordton | | | 3 00 |

EASTWARD.

| | No 38 | | No 402 |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| | | | P. M. |
| Leave Rutherfordton | | | * 4 35 |
| Leave Shelby | | | 5 28 |
| Leave Lincolnton | | | 6 25 |
| Leave Mt Holly | | | 7 45 |
| | A. M. | | |
| Leave Charlotte | *5 25 | | 8 20 |
| Leave Monroe | 6 13 | | 9 15 |
| Leave Wadesboro | 7 07 | | 9 56 |
| Leave Rockingham | 7 40 | | 10 23 |
| | | | P. M |
| Arrive Hamlet | 7 55 | | 10 35 |
| Leave Hamlet | 8 50 | | |
| Leave Laurinburg | 9 14 | | |
| Leave Maxton | 9 29 | | |
| Leave Lumberton | 10 20 | | |
| | P. M. | | |
| Arrive Wilmington | 12 30 | | |

**Palmetto R. R. Branch.**

| A. M. | | P M |
| --- | --- | --- |
| †9 2? | Lv............ Hamlet............ Ar | 6 50 |
| 10 ? | Ar ........ Cheraw ............ Lv | †5 30 |

READ DOWN. NORTH AND EAST. READ UP.

| No. 38 | No. 402 | | No 403 | No. 41 |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. M. | P. M | | A. M | P. M. |
| *3 15 | 10 35 | Lv..... Hamlet.......Ar | 8 50 | 6 55 |
| 9 15 | 11 21 | Ar.. Southern Pines...Lv | 8 00 | 5 49 |
| | A. M | | | |
| 11 26 | 1 21 | " ...... Raleigh.... " | 5 55 | 3 40 |
| P. M. | | | | |
| 1 10 | 2 33 | " .... Henderson.... " | 4 32 | 1 59 |
| | | | | A. M. |
| 3 00 | 4 05 | " ..... Weldon...... " | 3 05 | 11 55 |
| 5 20 | 7 30 | " ... Portsmouth ... " | 12 01 | 9 15 |
| | | | | P. M. |
| 6 00 | *7 50 | " ..... Norfolk...... " | *11 30 | 9 00 |
| *7 10 | †8 4 | Ar Old Point Comfort Lv | †7 05 | *8 00 |
| P. M | A. M. | | A. M. | A. M. |
| *5 43 | *6 0 | Ar..... Petersburg.... Lv | 1 10 | 9 50 |
| 6 40 | 6 40 | " .... Richmond.... " | 12 26 | 9 05 |
| | | | P. M. | |
| 11 10 | 10 45 | " ... Washington... " | 4 40 | 4 30 |
| 12 48 | 12 00 | " .... Baltimore..... " | 7 31 | 2 55 |
| A. M. | P. M | | | |
| 3 45 | 2 20 | " ... Philadelphia... " | 5 15 | 12 05 |
| | | | | P. M. |
| 6 53 | 4 53 | Ar..... New York..... Lv | *8 20 | *9 00 |

| No. 41 | No 403 | | No 402 | No. 38 |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| P. M. | A. M. | | P. M | A. M. |
| *9 05 | *10 45 | Lv..... Monroe.......Ar | 8 55 | 6 08 |
| 10 32 | 12 03 | " .... Chester .......Lv | 7 39 | 4 48 |
| | P. M. | | | |
| 11 58 | 1 20 | " ...... Clinton .... " | 6 25 | 3 13 |
| A. M | | | | |
| 1 00 | 2 28 | " .... Greenwood.... " | 5 30 | 2 15 |
| 1 32 | 2 58 | " .... Abbeville .... " | 4 50 | 1 47 |
| 2 26 | 4 00 | " .... Elberton..... " | 4 00 | 12 45 |
| | | | | P. M |
| 3 38 | 5 1 | " ...... Athens..... " | 2 55 | 11 48 |
| | | | Noon | |
| 5 20 | 7 45 | Ar...... Atlanta.......Lv | *12 45 | *9 10 |

*Daily. †Daily ex Sun'y.

Nos. 402 and 403, "The Atlanta Special," Solid Pullman Vestibuled Limited Train, with Buffet Sleepers and Day Coaches (no extra fare), between Washington and Atlanta. Pullman Parlor and Dining Cars from New York to Washington. Pullman Vestibuled Drawing Room Sleepers between Richmond and Monroe, also Portsmouth and Atlanta open at Richmond and Portsmouth 9 p. m.

Pullmans between Charlotte and Richmond.

Nos. 38 and 41 "The S. A. L. Express" Solid Train of Pullman Sleepers and Day Coaches between Portsmouth, Weldon and Atlanta. Pullman Sleepers between New York and Weldon, also New York and Cape Charles.

**Immediate Connections.**

At Atlanta—For Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, Mexico, California, Macon, Pensacola, Selma and Florida.

At Portsmouth—With Bay Line, coastwise steamers; Washington steamers and "Cape Charles Route," to and from all points North and East.

**No Extra Fare on Any Train.**

For tickets, sleepers and information, apply to Ticket Agents, or to

THOS. D. MEARES, Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N C.
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E. ST. JOHN, Vice-President and Gen'l Manager.
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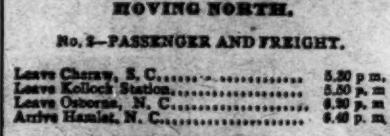
## PALMETTO RAILROAD CO.



**To Take Effect on Dec. 2, 1895.**

**MOVING NORTH.**

**No. 2—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.**

| | |
| --- | --- |
| Leave Cheraw, S. C. | 5.20 p. m. |
| Leave Kollock Station | 5.50 p. m |
| Leave Osborne, N. C. | 6.20 p. m. |
| Arrive Hamlet, N. C. | 6.40 p. m. |

**MOVING SOUTH.**

**No. 1—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.**

| | |
| --- | --- |
| Leave Hamlet, N. C. | 8.40 a m |
| Arrive Osborne, N. C. | 9.00 a m |
| Leave Kollock Station | 9.30 a m |
| Arrive Cheraw, S. C. | 9.50 a m |

Close connection made at Hamlet with trains North South, East and West.

dec 7 tf WM. MONCURE, Supt.

# The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 4, 1896


## THE STATE OF TRADE.

AN IMPROVEMENT EXPECTED WHEN SPRING WEATHER BEGINS.

General Conditions More Favorable—The Steel Combination Expected to Have Great Influence in Sustaining Markets.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 3—R. G. Dun & Co., in their weekly review of trade, say:

The regular quarterly statement of failures shows 4,031, liabilities of $37,425 134, against 3,802 last year, with liabilities of $47,813,683.

The improvement expected with Spring weather begins, though in some branches of business is scarcely visible. As consumers make Spring purchases they must lessen stocks and compel buying. The stocks taken in advance of consumers' demands last Summer have been distributed more slowly than expected, but months of waiting have helped to lessen the load which it is hoped Spring will clear away. The backward season has been an hindrance, and the number of hands unemployed in important industries and the low prices of farm products. Apprehensions of foreign or financial difficulties have hindered, but are now scarcely felt. Gold exports are rumored, but at this season are so far natural that they have no such power to cause alarm as they had in the Winter.

The gigantic steel combination is expected to have a great influence in sustaining markets and stimulating confidence, and though such operations often miss the success they seek, they rarely fail to kindle speculative buying for a time. The sudden advance of $3 per ton in billets a week ago has raised Bessemer pig $1 at Pittsburg and the demand for structural forms increases in expectation that prices will rise. Nail associations have given notice of another advance of fifteen cents at the end of this month. Bars have been demoralized but some makers hope to re-establish the combination, as steel bars will become dearer. But number one foundry is slightly lower at Philadelphia and the general demand for finished products does not yet improve. The steel concerns propose to restrict production by allotment, those producing more than their share paying $3 per ton to those who produce less.

Less encouragement appears in the boot and shoe trade, as buyers hesitate, though leather is still firmly held.

The woolen manufacturers do not gain in orders, and a large part of the machinery is stopped. Prices of wool have fallen 7½ per cent., the average of one hundred and four quotations being 13.63 cents.

Cotton mills still pile up goods in advance of orders, as reductions in prices have failed as yet to stimulate buying. Speculation in the product has been tame. Cotton continues to come forward so largely that former predictions of 6,500,000 bales are remembered with derision, and the outlook for the next crop continues good.

## BASE BALL.

Games Played at Richmond, Lynchburg and Norfolk, Virginia—Princeton Defeated the University of Virginia Team.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LYNCHBURG, VA., April 3—The Philadelphia National League Base Ball Club was treated to a surprise here to-day by being defeated by the Lynchburg team of the State League. The score was 6 to 4.

RICHMOND, VA., April 3—The Texas Steers of New Haven, Conn., defeated the Richmond champions to-day, and Ted Sullivan thinks he owns the city. The score was Richmond 12, New Haven 14.

NORFOLK, VA., April 3,—The Bijou team from Baltimore was badly outclassed here to-day, and lost to the local team by the score of 45 to 8.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA., April 3.—Perhaps the prettiest college game ever seen in Virginia was played here this afternoon between Princeton and the University of Virginia, resulting in the defeat of the latter by a score of 4 to 5. The largest and most enthusiastic crowd ever seen on the field witnessed the game.

## RIVERS AND HARBORS.

Appropriations For Waterways in North and South Carolina on the Bill Reported by the House Committee.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, April 3—The River and Harbor Appropriation bill for the coming fiscal year was to-day reported to the House by Mr. Hooker, of New York, chairman of the Rivers and Harbors Committee. Among the appropriations are the following:

North Carolina—Improving inland waterway between Beaufort harbor and New River, $1,000; Cape Fear river above Wilmington, $4,000; below Wilmington, $100,000; Neuse river, $5,000; Pamlico and Tar rivers, $2,500; Trent river, $2,000; Black river, $1,000; inland water route from Norfolk harbor, Virginia, to Albemarle Sound, North Carolina, through Currituck Sound, $10,000.

South Carolina—Great Pee Dee river, $12,000; Santee river, $48,000; Waccamaw river, $6,000; Wappoo cut, $2,500, Wateree river, $5,000; Congaree river, $3,000; Little Pee Dee river, $3,000; Beaufort river, $1,000.

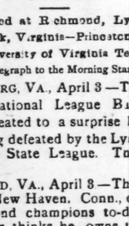
## LYNCHING IN TENNESSEE.

A Young Negro Hanged by Masked Men.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MEMPHIS, TENN., April 3,—At 2 o'clock this morning a negro eighteen years of age was taken from jail at Tupelo, sixty miles from here, by a mob and lynched in front of the court house. The mob went to the sheriff's house, overpowered him with shot-guns, marched him to the jail and forced the keys from him. The men wore masks and their identity is unknown. The prisoner attempted rape on an estimable white lady of Plantersville two weeks ago.


ROYAL

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Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder—Highest of all in leavening strength. —*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

Royal Baking Powder Co., 106 Wall Street, N. Y.


## CUBAN RESOLUTIONS

SUBJECT OF DISCUSSION IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Up to the Hour of Adjournment—Will Come Up Again To-day—River and Harbor Appropriation Bill Reported—Pension Bills Passed—Speaker Reed Reverses His Previous Ruling on the Question of a Quorum.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,

WASHINGTON, April 3.—The House entered to-day upon the consideration of the report of the conference committee recommending the adoption of the Senate resolutions relating to Cuba, which Mr. Hitt of Illinois, Republican, chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs, has been endeavoring to bring to the attention of the House for some time. Mr. Hitt was desirous of securing action on the report to-day, but the hour for recess intervened before the conclusion of the discussion, and it went over until to-morrow.

The time was occupied by Mr. Hitt in favor of agreeing to the report, and by Mr. Boutelle of Maine, Republican, who opposed the passage of the resolutions.

Before the Cuban matter came up the House passed the thirty-eight private pension bills which had been favorably acted upon at previous Friday night sessions. In the course of this part of the proceedings Speaker Reed reversed his famous ruling in the Fifty-first Congress, which has been the subject of much controversy, and declared that a majority of the actual membership of the House constituted a quorum. In the Fifty-first Congress he held that it required a majority of all the members elected to the House to make a quorum, irrespective of vacancies.

Mr. Hooker of N.Y., Republican, reported the River and Harbor Appropriation bill for the year ending June 30th, 1897, which will be called up Monday.

A bill was passed authorizing the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi river at St. Louis.

At 5.10 o'clock the House took a recess until 8 o'clock, the evening session to be for the consideration of private pension bills.

The question of quorum came up on the first pension bill taken up. When it was read Mr. Pickler moved the previous question. Mr. Erdman of Pennsylvania made the point of no quorum on the vote—127 to 6. A quorum was counted and the previous question was ordered. On the passage of the bill Mr. Erdman demanded a vote by yeas and nays, but only twenty-two members joined him in the request—an insufficient number. So the bill was passed. On the next bill Mr. Erdman again made the point of no quorum, but the Speaker said: "The chair overrules the objection, stating to the House that evidently a quorum is present." The announcement was received with applause, and the passage of the remaining bills on the calendar proceeded without any serious delay or interruption.

Upon another vote Mr. Erdman again made the point of no quorum, and the Speaker, after counting, said: "There are 178 present, a quorum."

This was a reversal of his famous decision in the Fifty-first Congress, about which there has been much controversy and which was followed in later Congresses. The entire number of Representatives in a full House would be 357, of which 179 would be a majority, but there are two vacancies—Mr. Crain, of the Eleventh Texas district, having died, and Mr. Boatner, of the Fifth Louisiana district, having been unseated, leaving the actual membership 355, of which 178 is a majority.

The ruling caught the attention of Mr. Richardson of Tennessee, Democrat, a keen parliamentarian, and he questioned the Speaker regarding it, saying that it was in conflict with a ruling made by him in the Fifty-first Congress, and asking if it was the intention to reverse that.

Speaker Reed responded that it was his intention to make the ruling as announced. At the close of the Fifty-first Congress he had put in the *Record* his views upon the question of the composition of a quorum. When the question presented itself to the chair for decision there was much confusion and it came up suddenly. Out of abundant caution, that chair then decided that 166 members constituted a quorum, a majority of the full number of members, instead of 164, a majority of the actual membership. In the expression of views which the Speaker put in the *Record* at the end of that Congress, he adopted the practice of several bodies, notably that of the Senate, under the lead of the late Reverdy Johnson, whose reputation as a lawyer had always stood high, and stated his belief, which was his present belief, that 164 members and not 166 constituted a quorum of the House, in other words a majority of the actual membership. The decision referred to by the gentleman from Tennessee, said the Speaker, was one against himself and his side of the House.

Mr. Richardson assured the Speaker that he had no criticism to make of the present ruling, it was only because of its reversing the former ruling that he had called attention to it.

Before the bills were disposed of, Mr. Talbert of South Carolina, Democrat, was heard from. Rising to a parliamentary inquiry he asked if under the existing condition—

The Speaker—The gentleman will confine himself to the parliamentary inquiry.

Mr. Talbert—I will try to do so, but was just laying down my premises.

The Speaker—The chair will answer a parliamentary inquiry, but not a premise.

Mr. Talbert—Will it be in order to ask to lay aside a bill on the ground that it is an outrage?

The Speaker—It will not.

Mr. Talbert was continuing to denounce some of the bills, but the Speaker sharply rapped him to order and sternly notified him to take his seat when declared to be out of order.

Upon the passage of the pending bill Mr. Talbert asked if it was in order to move to amend the title?

It was, and he moved that it may be made to read: "A bill not to pension Mollie Crendall." 'Can I be heard on that motion, Mr. Speaker?" he asked. "Not under the rule of the House," was the response. [Laughter.]

The amendment was rejected.

At 2.30 o'clock Mr. Hitt called up the report of the conference committee on the Cuban resolutions. The report recommended the adoption of the following resolutions as passed by the Senate:

"*Resolved*, That in the opinion of Congress a condition of public war exists between the Government of Spain and the Government proclaimed and for some time maintained by force of arms by the people of Cuba, and that the United States of America should maintain a strict neutrality between the contending powers, according to each and all the rights of belligerents in the ports and the territory of the United States.

"*Resolved* further, That the friendly offices of the United States should be offered by the President to the Spanish Government for the recognition of the independence of Cuba."

Mr. Hitt immediately took the floor in support of the recommendation of the committee.

Mr. Hitt was interrupted by Mr. Patterson of Tennessee, Democrat, who asked what proportion of the 1,600,000 population in Cuba had engaged in the movement to secure the independence of the island.

Mr. Hitt stated that the communication to the House from the Secretary of State showed the number of troops in the field last August was 80,000; one-third of them were well armed. Since coming to the House to-day, Mr. Hitt said, he had been handed a statement by Mr. Rappley, the correspondent of the New York *Mail and Express*, who has just returned from Cuba, which showed that the Cuban army now numbered over 60,000 men.

Mr. Patterson then inquired what number of Cubans had enlisted in the Spanish army, which Mr. Hitt said he could not answer with definiteness. Mr. Patterson said he thought that if the people of Cuba, with substantial unanimity, desired their autonomy and independence, they ought to have it, and that Spain should not be permitted to hold the territory of such people by subjugation. [Applause.]

Mr. Hitt spoke a few minutes more than an hour, and at the close of his remarks was warmly applauded.

Mr. Hyde of Washington, Republican, asked Mr. Hitt to state, if the President should not take any action upon the resolutions, whether or not they would be entirely nugatory, except merely as an expression of sentiment?

Mr. Hitt replied that he could not recognize the possibility of such a condition of affairs, and therefore declined to express an opinion.

Mr. Boutelle of Maine, Republican, referred to the fact that when this subject was first brought before the House, February 27, he interposed an objection against the hurried and inconsiderate action then proposed. He did not suppose that then he was the only member who opposed such hasty action, but the press of the country had given him a wide prominence in connection with what it termed "arresting action" on the Cuban resolutions. He did not complain of that prominence then and he did not now, for if any vindication of his position was needed, it was furnished by the appearance of these resolutions in the House more than a month later for further consideration. That demonstrated that somebody somewhere had been of the opinion that a question of this importance should not be voted upon and passed while members of the House were hurrying out of the hall, hatted and coated, to their belated dinners.

## GEN. WEYLER'S WAY.

PUSHING OFFENSIVE OPERATIONS WITH GREAT VIGOR.

Gives His Officers and Men No Rest—His Army Tired Out—No Battles Fought but Many Unarmed Citizens Massacred—The Insurgents Gaining in Strength and Numbers.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, VIA TAMPA, FLA., April 3—Army operations have been pushed with great vigor for the past month. General Weyler has given officers and men no rest. His orders have been peremptory and many a general has incurred his displeasure by tardiness in the prosecution of the enemy. The result of these active movements has been to completely tire out a large portion of the army in the field. The insurgents have been kept moving their camps have been destroyed and a dozen of their hospitals have been burned during the month that has just passed, but the Government has not forced a single battle upon the rebels. The only serious engagements have been those in which the insurgents, having the advantage of position or numbers, as at Cuyannabos and Candelaria took the offensive and defeated the regular troops of Spain. There have been many rear guard skirmishes, which appear in the Spanish official reports as battles and victories for the Crown, but which, upon investigation, prove to be like some of the battles fought by Don Quixote. Quite a number of them have been found to be massacres of unarmed citizens, and there have been more tales of horrors committed than battles fought on this island of Cuba during the month of March.

Not one hundredth part of the stories that reach here of the operations of the columns of Gens. Melquizo and Bernal and of Cols. Molina, Tort, Seguera and others, are true. The reason why Gen. Weyler cancelled all passes held by correspondents is plain. Owners of estates report excesses committed by detached bodies of Spanish troops in all parts of the island, and there is no longer talk of attempting to grind sugar this year. The problem now is to preserve the lives of the employes and prevent wanton destruction by troops.

The insurgents have gained more in the past month than in any two that have preceded it. Weyler's decrees compelling people to abandon their homes in the interior have driven many peaceable inhabitants into the rebel armies. The harsh measures adopted toward suspects in cities and towns have also increased the number of recruits from families of the better class in cities. The landing of four important expeditions has given inspiration and cartridges to the patriots. Their hopes were never brighter. Hot weather is already here, and the rains are not far off. The limited time remaining for military operations this Spring makes it plain that Spain cannot crush the rebellion before the wet season sets in, and the serious problem of caring for the lives of her soldiers presents itself. A Spanish officer informs me that the losses of the army through fevers and other sicknesses have been 2,200 since September and over 25,000 during the year ending March 1. The recent statistics made public by the Spanish Consul General at New York, Senor Balsadno, in which the total losses for the year were given as 8,877, of whom 285 were killed in battle, are utterly absurd. There have been single battles in which the Spanish loss amounted to more than that given for the entire year.

Generals Adecoa and Madin have been sent back to Spain, making nine generals who have failed to satisfy Gen. Weyler since his arrival. Gen. Obrejon is also booked to return and Gen. Pando, commander of the first army corps, has been ordered back for allowing Gomez to enter Santa Clara without fighting a battle. Gen. Suarez Valdez is also on the list. He is in command of Pinar del Rio and besides failing to suppress the rebellion in his section, he sent an impertinent message to Weyler by heliograph. Weyler says he can get more active work out of colonels than from generals, and the exodus continues. There is much dissatisfaction among officers of higher grade, and this does not make Weyler's task any more pleasant. He has been in a highly nervous state for several days and many stormy interviews between him and his men he has sent for have taken place. His trouble with the politicians are just beginning. He has assured the home Government that elections can be held in Cuba, and now he has two parties—the Reformists and the Autonomists—refusing to take part, leaving the unconstitutional or Conservative Spanish party alone in the field. Rumors that Weyler will be recalled are persistent, but apparently the time is not ripe for his enemies to overthrow him.

Since De Lome cabled that the United States will not recognize the belligerency of the Cubans, Gen. Weyler has begun open executions of prisoners of war. Three have been shot at Cabanas prison in a week and more are doomed to the same fate.

NEW ORLEANS, April 3.—The following information has been received from Cuba by Mr. J. Nelson Polhemus, local representative in this city of the Cuban Junta. Mr. Polhemus vouches for its authenticity:

In the township of Jaruco, on the plantation of Morales, the troops of Col. Tort in command of three rural guards, arrested four men and one woman on the charge of being insurgent sympathizers and then took them to the armory where the men were beaten and subsequently killed, as also the woman, who refused to state she was not in connection with the rebel forces. The crime is more horrible as the woman, named Margarita Pedroso, was soon to become a mother.

In the village of San Antonio de Los Banos a man named Benito Loseda, suspected of insurgent tendencies and who has a brother in the rebel lines, was arrested and shot to death by the soldiers, being reported as trying to escape and the force being compelled to fire on him.

On the plantation "Salvador," property of the Count of Barreto, the soldiers of Gen. Aledoca's division maltreated the women—wives and daughters of the laborers—after having threatened with death their male relatives, many of whom were tied, witnessing the deed. The same thing happened in the village of San Matias, near Jaruco, where the soldiers violated the women folk of the family of Jose Calabuche.

On the plantation Calixto, of San Antonio Hernandez, near San Antonio de Lasvegas, Capt. Manuel Ruise Adame, of the regiment of Isabel, the Catholic, shot to death an inoffensive crazy loon, who had ascended a tree and was throwing cocoanuts at the troops.

The troops under command of Gen. Rehague entered the towns of Limar and Seumidro, boasting that they had sent thirteen rebel sympathizers to meet their fate, and showing their bloody arms as proof of their butchery. However, three miles from Seumidro to my knowledge and to the knowledge of the commander of the Spanish forces, Roberto Bermuder and his division of the insurgents were encamped.

I have made a careful inquiry into the facts and find that the above are all true, every iota of them and to further evidence the hatred which these poor Cubans engender in the soldiers of the Spanish army, I will relate a statement made by a Spanish officer (Cuban by birth) and the speaker had been captured in Pinar del Rio by Gen. Maceo and after being paroled and returned his sword sent to Havana.

Lieut. Corrally Pedroso, of one of the cavalry battalions, made a statement at the residence of Mr. Carlos Pedroso, in the presence of various persons, to the effect that he had struck down with his sword two negroes, and further added that when he left for the field he killed every Cuban he could get hold of, on the simplest charge, as every Cuban was an insurgent at heart, and that Gen. Weyler had given instructions to the commanders of columns to dispose of as many insurgent sympathisers as possible, and that he would stop any talk and would stand between the officers and the public, but that the insurgents must be put an end to at all hazards.

To further appreciate the condition of this country, I will relate what I heard in the city of Trinidad while there a few days ago. The Rev. Father Cuervory Caonago said:

"I believe that all the Cubans possible should be killed off and cleared the country, and in that manner make room for families which would be brought over from Spain to Cuba.

"The negroes and mulattoes should be all killed off, silently and without exciting any comment, and the property confiscated. Therefore, when we would bring families over from Spain and colonize the island, we could give them this confiscated property and they could make a good start in life.

"The Cubans who send their children to the United States to be educated should be taken hold of by the police and quietly be placed where they would do the least harm, because those Americans have those Republican ideas which are the real cause of the present desire of the Cubans to revolt. The Yankees' is the only country where sympathisers with the Cubans are and they are responsible for this war."

While at Trinidad I slipped through and paid a visit to an insurgent camp commanded by one of their leaders, I believe one Lacret, and found that the wives and daughters of a great many of the insurgents were with them, and the day following the readoption of the resolutions by the House and Senate they were given a dinner by the leader, and it was resolved to ask of the Cuban Government that when Havana shall be captured that the avenue of Carlos III shall be known as the American avenue, and that statues of the leading Senators and Representative who had defended the Cubans should be placed at intervals on this paseo. Champagne floated and speeches were delivered. The women are not camp women, but some of the ladies who months ago were shining social lights of the cities of Matanzas, Cardenas, Cienfuegos, Santiago, Camaquey and Havana. The camps were orderly, well established discipline being noticed and above all hygienic measures prevailing.


When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.


## STEAMER BERMUDA.

The Vessel Released But the Ammunition on Board Held by the Honduras Authorities.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, April 3.—A private dispatch was received here this evening announcing the release of the steamship Bermuda at Puerto Cortez. The vessel will sail to-morrow. Her destination is New Orleans. Ninety boxes of ammunition found aboard of her and which were seized are held by the Honduras authorities. Col Nunez is a passenger on the vessel.

## Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.


## WIFE OF REV. CHARLES H. PARKHURST.

**She Tells How Paine's Celery Compound Has Benefitted the Famous New York Preacher.**

Dr. Parkhurst's best aid in his untiring crusade against crime in the metropolis is his wife.

In looking after her husband's health, Mrs. Parkhurst is doing more than all the members of the women's campaign. "Am I worried about the doctor?" says Mrs. Parkhurst. "Not at all. I feel that he is tired, but he recuperates, and I never try to hinder him from a piece of work, because I feel he will have the strength for it. My greatest pleasure is in helping him to carry out his ideas." Mrs. Parkhurst wrote to Wells & Richardson Company, January 29, 1896:

"Dr. Parkhurst has used Paine's celery compound for two weeks with beneficent results. It has helped to keep him up while very tired."

In a subsequent letter to the same druggists, on January 28, she said: "I am sure the Paine's celery compound is doing Dr. Parkhurst good. I am under obligation to Mrs. ——— for bringing it to our notice."

If it were possible to reproduce in cold type the emphatic tone in which men and women from every part of the United States speak and write of Paine's celery compound, not a word more would be needful.

Unfortunately, when published in the stereotyped pages of a daily paper, these enthusiastic letters can't help losing part of their earnest, persuasive character.

Paine's celery compound is not one of the many sarsaparillas or nervines that manage to make themselves public, as far as their mere names go, but without making themselves known to suffering people by actual use. Paine's celery compound has been used and enthusiastically recommended by the most judicious, considerate, careful men and women in every city in the United States, as an absolute cure for nervous debility and exhaustion, neuralgia, sleeplessness, melancholia, hysteria, headaches, dyspepsia, rheumatism, kidney trouble, and all blood diseases. It is the best spring remedy in the world.

Bright and breezy April days have a stronger charm of hope about them than any other days of the year. Now is the season appointed by Nature herself for new growths, and a casting-off of the old parts that have served their purpose, and are outworn and diseased. That terrible throbbing of the heart, the neuralgia, the headache, the leaden weight over the eyes and in the forepart of the head, need only Paine's celery compound to vanish forever.

Paine's celery compound has come legitimately by its present tremendous reputation, as an invigorator, nerve regulator, blood-restorer and body recuperator. There is nothing experimental about it.

No remedy in existence ever received such emphatic and plain spoken testimonials from sick, ailing, tired, and run-down men and women.

It is no half-way cure that is attempted by Paine's celery compound, but a clean sweep of every trace of neuralgia, rheumatism, constipation, headache, dyspepsia and blood impurity from the system.

Take Paine's celery compound in the spring to purify the blood, strengthen the nerves and make health.

## WASHINGTON NEWS.

Criminal Libel—The Gold Reserve—Sudden Death—Civil Service Ruling—Secretary Herbert on a Visit of Inspection to the North Atlantic Squadron—Battleship Iodine to be Attached to the Squadron.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, April 3—James F. Rule, the Washington correspondent of the Knoxville *Journal* and private secretary to Representative Henry R. Gibson, of Tennessee, was held for the action of the grand jury in $300 bond by Judge Miller in the Police Court this morning. The charge against Mr. Rule was criminal libel, preferred by Representative Franklin Bartlett, of New York. Representative Gibson signed the bond.

The Treasury gold reserve at the close of business to day stood at $123,237,550. The withdrawals for the day were $301,904.

Rev. Thomas G. Addison, D. D., for the past thirty years rector of Trinity Protestant Episcopal Church, died suddenly early this morning.

The President has further amended the Civil Service rules by placing under the classified service the Assistant Attorney and law clerks of the Department of the Interior.

This order includes about thirty persons whose salaries range from $2 000 to $2,750 per annum.

Secretary Herbert left Washington to-night for Fort Monroe, Va., to spend about a week there. His object in visiting Fort Monroe at this time is to inspect the North Atlantic squadron, which has been held there since December last. During the Secretary's stay the squadron will go outside the Virginia Capes for two or three days of exercises at sea and Mr. Herbert will have an opportunity of seeing what the officers and men of the squadron have learned since he accompanied them on their cruise last year. The battleship Indiana, now in dry dock at Port Royal, S. C., is expected to reach Hampton Roads on Thursday next and she will be immediately attached to the squadron. No further augmentation is possible at this time.

It is the intention of the Navy Department to make the squadron permanent and during the coming Summer a programme of evolutions will be executed along the American coast. The causes which operated to keep the squadron intact are apparently still alive.

A telegram received by Col. John M. Wilson, Corps of Engineers, U. S. A., reports that the shaft of the monument to mark the birthplace of George Washington was placed in position yesterday at Wakefield, Westmoreland county, Va. Col. Wilson will visit Wakefield in a day or two to inspect the monument before accepting it for the Government from the contractors. No preparations for the dedication of the monument have been made.

A special from Henrietta, N. C., says Henrietta cotton mill No. 2 is completed and the powerful turbines have been tested. Regular work begins on Monday. There are sixty acres of floor in this mill, which is the largest in North Carolina.


When Traveling.

Whether on pleasure bent, or business, take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, and it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50 cent and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company only.


## NEW ENGLAND MILLS.

The Lawrence Corporation Decide to Discontinue Manufacturing Cloth.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LOWELL, April 3.—The number five mill of the Lawrence manufacturing corporation has been shut down in conformity with the decision of the directors to discontinue manufacturing cloth. Other portions of the cloth plant will be closed as fast as the stock in process is finished up. The change in policy will throw out something less than half of the five thousand operatives. Most of them are French Canadians whose labor as compared with that of operatives engaged on fine work in other mills is relatively unskilled. Many of these people are taken to Canada every Spring to stay there through the Summer, and the only change to them will be that they go this year a little earlier than usual, and find some other place to work in the Fall. It is said, however, that some of them would like to go South where work of a grade to which they are accustomed is carried on.

It is understood that the Lawrence Company will sell portions of the plant not required for its hosiery business, and it is stated that such portions will practically be all absorbed by other local corporations.

The change in policy has caused very much interesting comment in this community of mill interests. Whether or not the reasons as given by the treasurer are the real reasons for the discontinuance of cloth making is a subject of a good deal of discussion.

## PUGILISTIC ENCOUNTERS

With Serious Results in Each Case—One Man Dead and Another Dying.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MEMPHIS, TENN. April 3.—At the close of the Turner-Clark prize fight here Wednesday night it was known that the latter had received terrible punishment, but it was not regarded as serious. Clark was taken to St Joseph's Hospital yesterday, however, and is not expected to revive. The police are on the lookout for Turner, but he is believed to have fled the city. Clark is a white man and from Texas. The fight was witnessed by the sheriff and the chief of police.

LAPORTE, IND., April 3.—William Kemper and John Lipkie, of Ohio, engaged in a friendly contest for boxing supremacy at that place Wednesday. Kemper struck Lipkie in the abdomen. The injured man fell unconscious and remained so until yesterday, when he expired.

LONDON, April 3.—Moran, the exbantam weight champion of England and amateur champion of America in 1887 and 1888 died at Sheffield to-day from the effects of an injury he sustained while boxing with Mauerer in Sheffield on Tuesday last.


## Sweet Candy.

15 Barrels Candy.
45 Boxes Candy.
30 Pails French Candy.
10 Tubs Broken Candy.
75 Boxes Penny Candy.
10 Fresh Cheese.
20 Barrels E. R. Potatoes.

All these goods must be sold.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant,
206 North Water street,
r 22 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.

UP TO DATE

## Livery and Sales Stable.

Southerland & Cowan,

108, 110 Second Street, between Princess and Chesnut.

OUR SERVICE IS FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY particular. Finest Horses in town. First class equipages. Polite attention. All calls and orders day and night promptly attended to.

TELEPHONE NO. 15. TELEPHONE NO 15.

Telephone calls answered any hour day or night. Special attention given to Boarding Horses. Box Stalls and Careful Grooming for Stalling Horses.

Hacks and Baggage Line to all trains going and coming, at usual prices. Carriage for Railroad Call $1 00.

Prices Uniform to All Comers.

Hearse Exclusive for Whites $5 00. Carriage for funeral, $2 50. Hearse for White and Colore, $4 00. Horse and Buggy one hour, $1 00; afternoon $2 00. Carriage, Team and Driver one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.00. Horse and Surry one hour, $1 00; afternoon, $1.50. Team and Trap one hour, $1.00; afternoon, $3.00. Saddle Horse one hour, 50 cents; afternoon, $1.50. Furniture Wagon with careful attention, $1.00 per load.

Open 365 days and 365 nights in a year. mar 29 tf

## To The Public!

Parties holding our Ice tickets are requested to present and have them exchanged Wednesday, April 1st, for new ones. THE OLD ONES WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED after April 10th, and from that time on our drivers will not be allowed to sell them. You can give them the orders and we will see that you get the tickets. Respectfully,

WM. E. WORTH & CO.

mar 29 13t

## SPONGES

WEAR OUT VERY QUICKLY MANY times through not being properly washed and dried. A sponge may be poor in quality; some are liable to be, of course. There's a difference, just as there is in the quality of silk. Take a fair bath sponge, though, wash it occasionally with washing-soda, and dry it by heat; it will last half again as long.

Just now we have an unusually fine line of sponges. Close, tough texture, yet soft and luxurious; good, generous sizes; perfect shapes. Prices from 40 cents to $1.00.

A few sponges come brushes—Bath and Flesh. We show you various styles and sizes, any one of which is calculated to heighten the exhilarating effect of a bath. From 75 cents to $2.50.

JAMES D. NUTT,
The Druggist.

mar 26 tf

## Read This.

ACCORDING TO NOTICE ALREADY given, the firm of Joseph D Smith and C. H. Robinson, Jr., is this day dissolved.

I will continue my business at the present stand, 17 Princess street, representing the following reliable and prompt paying companies:

Caledonian Insurance Co., of Scotland.

Western Assurance Co., of Toronto, Ont.

Sun Insurance Co., of England.

I respectfully solicit your business, and promise my careful attention to all entrusted to me.

C. H. ROBINSON, Jr.

Telephone 103. ap 1 6t

Bartholomay Bock Beer,

Rochester, New York, on draught.

A. P. LEVY,

mar 31 tf French Cafe.

## Bargain Week

—AT—

WILMINGTON'S BIG RACKET STORE.

This week read our prices, and come and call for the goods advertised.

Fruit of the Loom, 4-4 wide, at 6¾c.
35 inch Homespun Dress Checks 8¼c.
Best Ginghams at 4c.
27 inch Chenille at 4½c.
28 inch Dress Worsted in pretty checks at 10c.
36 inch White Homespun, 8½c.
36 inch Rockingham Homespun, 4c.
27 inch Cottonade Pants Cloth, 8c.
36 inch Shirt Waist Calico, 4c.
27 inch Heavy Outing, 4½c.
27 inch White Check Lawn, 4½c.

### Notions.

Children's Black Hose, good colors, 4c.
Men's Seamless Heel Socks, 4c.
Hump Hooks and Eyes by the card, 1c.
Best Castile Soap, fresh goods, 2c.
Butter Milk Soap at 8c a box.
2,000 Wooden Toothpicks, 4c.
Rick-Rack Braid at 8c a bunch.
Dress Buttons, 500 different styles, 2c a dozen.
Lace Curtains, 2¼ yds long, 48c a pair.
Spring Roller Window Shades, 12½c each.
Gents' 4 ply new style Linen Collars, 5c each.
100 yds Best Spool Silk, 5c a spool.
6 balls Sewing Thread, 5c.
2 pair Best Shoe Laces, 1c.
1 pack Extra White Envelopes, 2c.
1 quire Extra White Ruled Paper, 2c
1 card Safety Pins, 3c.
1 bottle Best Black Ink, 3c.
1 stick of Best Stove Polish, 3c.

### Clothing.

Boys' Odd Pants, in small sizes, 15c.
Boys' Wash Suits, trimmed in white braid, 39c.
Boys' Blue Sailor Suits, made of best flannel, 98c.
Men's small Overalls, made of heavy Blue Denning, 25c.
Men's Heavy Pants, 48c.
Men's Wool Pants, 85c.
Men's Blue and Black Flannel Pants, 75c.
Men's Sack Suits, made of Blue Flannel, at $4.50.
Men's Spring Vest, made of wash goods, 25c each.
Extra value in Gents' Nice Suits.
Clay Worsted, nice new styles, $5.00.
Pretty Gray Cutaway Coats, nice style.
Suits All Wool at $5 00.
Brown Suits, All Wool, at $5 00.
Young Men's Spring, All Wool Pants, at $1.24.
Good Matting this week, 9c.
Extra Heavy, 13c.
Seamless, Very Best Quality, 18c.
Beautiful Cotton Warp, 19c.
Best Linen Opaque Window Shades, 24c.
Beautiful Carpet, 1 yd wide, 15c.

### Shoes.

Extra Kid Button Infant Shoes, 2 to 5, for 19c a pair.
Job of Women's Shoes, 55c a pair.
Ladies' Pat. Tip Dongola Button Shoes, at 78c.
800 pairs Ladies' Fine Shoes in small sizes from 2½ to 4½—worth from $3.00 to $8.00, this week, $1.39.

### Millinery.

High Crown Sailors in Blue, Brown and Gray, 5c each.
Black Sailors, good styles, 9c.
Trimmed Sailors, with Good Bands and New Styles, 23c each, Black, Blue and White.
Trimmed Hats, with Ribbon, Silk, Chiffon and Flowers, 48c each.
Beautiful White Chip Hats, in nice, new styles, 48c each.
We have all styles of Spring Millinery from the cheapest to the best.
Be sure to come to the Racket this week. Clip out this ad. and bring it with you.
You will find us at 119 North Front Street, opposite Orton House.

Braddy & Gaylord, Prop.

Wilmington's Big Racket Store.
P. S—All goods sold for cash.

mar 29 tf

## ATTENTION!

THE

## Alderman Hardware Co.

have just received a nice line of

Granite Ironware and Tinware.

We mention a few articles below.

GRANITE IRONWARE,
COFFEE AND TEA POTS,
SAUCEPANS, PIE PLATES,
PUDDING PANS,
DAIRY PANS, DISH PANS,
DIPPERS and long handle Spoons

Galvanized Iron Tea Kettles, Slop Jars, Foot Tubs, Infant's Bath Tubs and Water Pots, Tin Toilet Sets, Water Coolers, Bread Boxes, etc.

Agents for the Celebrated

Iron King Cook Stoves

AND LIBERTY RANGES.

We guarantee our prices on above goods as low as the lowest, and we will not be undersold. Give us a call.

Alderman Hardware Co.,

29 South Front Street,
mr 29 tf Wilmington, N. C.

## A Shining Example!

If you want to shine in society you must have a pair of Latest Styles in Patent Leather shoes at $5 00.

A pair of our $3.00 Tan Shoes just received will save the expense of shining shoes.

The neatest and most durable Shoe sold is our Ladies' $3 00 Tan Button Shoe.

If you want to shine give us a call.

Geo. R. French & Sons.

mar 22 tf

D. O'Connor,

REAL ESTATE AGENT, Wilmington, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwellings for rent. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, taxes and insurance attended to promptly. Cash loaned on improved city real estate. sep 15 1